

Begin Oct. 16, 1961

30.24-1957

A36'

BULLETIN
THIRD NIGHT LEAD COMMUNIST A14
BY STANLEY JOHNSON

MOSCOW, OCT. 17 (AP)--PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV TOLD THE OPENING SESSION OF THE 22ND CONGRESS OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY TODAY THAT CAPITALISM CANNOT SOLVE ANY OF THE URGENT PROBLEMS FACING MANKIND AND THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS LOST ITS ABSOLUTE SUPREMACY IN WORLD CAPITALIST PRODUCTION AND COMMERCE.

FOREIGN NEWSMEN WERE CLEARED FROM THE CONGRESS HALL--THE VAST NEW KREMLIN THEATER--JUST BEFORE KHRUSHCHEV STARTED TO SPEAK, BUT THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS DISTRIBUTED A DIGEST OF HIS SPEECH.

COMPETITION BETWEEN THE WORLD'S TWO SOCIAL SYSTEMS--THE SOCIALIST AND CAPITALIST SYSTEMS--HAS BECOME THE PIVOT AND MAIN FEATURE OF WORLD DEVELOPMENT IN THE PRESENT PERIOD OF HISTORY, KHRUSHCHEV DECLARED.

BUT WARS BETWEEN NATIONS, HE CONTINUED, ARE NOT INEVITABLE AND CAN BE PREVENTED.

"THERE IS NOW A PROSPECT OF ACHIEVING PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE FOR THE ENTIRE PERIOD IN WHICH THE SOCIAL AND POLITICAL PROBLEMS NOW DIVIDING THE WORLD WILL HAVE TO BE SOLVED," KHRUSHCHEV DECLARED.

KHRUSHCHEV SAID COMMUNISTS "ARE AGAINST THE EXPORT OF REVOLUTION--BUT THEY DO NOT RECOGNIZE ANYBODY'S RIGHT TO EXPORT COUNTER-REVOLUTION. IN THE EVENT OF IMPERIALIST EXPORT OF COUNTER-REVOLUTION, THE COMMUNISTS WILL CALL ON THE PEOPLES OF ALL COUNTRIES TO RALLY AND FIRMLY REPEL THE ENEMIES OF FREEDOM AND PEACE."

HE DECLARED THAT IF THE IMPERIALISTS DARE TO ATTACK THE SOCIALIST COUNTRIES, "THIS MAD ACT" WOULD BE THEIR LAST; IT WOULD BE THE END OF THE CAPITALIST SYSTEM.

KHRUSHCHEV CLAIMED THAT "THE CONTINUOUS DECAY OF CAPITALISM HAS CONTINUED TO OPERATE RUTHLESSLY. CAPITALISM CANNOT SOLVE ANY OF THE URGENT PROBLEMS FACING MANKIND."

HE SAID THE SOVIET UNION HAS NOW ENTERED THE PERIOD OF FULL-SCALE CONSTRUCTION OF COMMUNISM.

KHRUSHCHEV'S REPORT WAS A PRELUDE TO HIS DISCUSSION OF A NEW PARTY PROGRAM, THE FIRST SINCE 1919, WHOSE STATED AIM IS TO CREATE COMMUNISM IN THE SOVIET UNION BEFORE 1980. ITS THESIS IS THAT LIFE HERE WOULD THEN BE SO ATTRACTIVE THAT THE REST OF THE WORLD WOULD TURN COMMUNIST WITHOUT ANY USE OF FORCE.

THE PROGRAM, WHICH IS SURE TO BE ADOPTED UNANIMOUSLY BY THE 4,408 VOTING DELEGATES AND 405 ADVISORY DELEGATES, WAS DRAWN UP BY KHRUSHCHEV AND UNANIMOUSLY APPROVED LAST SATURDAY BY THE PARTY'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

FORMER PREMIER NIKOLAI BULGANIN MADE A DRAMATIC REAPPEARANCE IN PUBLIC LIFE AT THE OPENING SESSION OF THE CONGRESS. IT WAS THE FIRST TIME HE HAD BEEN SEEN AT A PUBLIC EVENT IN MOSCOW SINCE KHRUSHCHEV OUSTED HIM FROM THE PREMIERSHIP IN 1958, AND SHUNTED HIM INTO MINOR PROVINCIAL JOBS AND FINALLY RETIRED HIM ON A PENSION OF ABOUT \$300 A MONTH.

IN THE LOBBY OF THE VAST NEW GREAT KREMLIN THEATER BULGANIN SHARED THE LIMELIGHT WITH COSMONAUT GHERMAN TITOV, A DELEGATE TO THE CONGRESS, WHO WAS MOBBED BY PHOTOGRAPHERS.

THERE WAS ONE GLARING ABSENCE FROM THE CONGRESS WHICH SET THE DIPLOMATS' GALLERY BUZZING--ALBANIA BOYCOTTED THE MEETING.

KHRUSHCHEV TOLD THE DELEGATES THERE WERE DELEGATIONS PRESENT FROM 80 COMMUNIST PARTIES AND EACH GOT A ROUND OF APPLAUSE. AT LAST NOVEMBER'S COMMUNIST SUMMIT MEETING THERE WERE 81 PARTIES REPRESENTED. THE ONE MISSING TODAY WAS ALBANIA.

ALBANIA'S ABSENCE APPARENTLY WAS THE RESULT OF ITS ESPOUSAL OF COMMUNIST CHINA'S VIEWPOINT IN RECENT IDEOLOGICAL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN PEIPING AND MOSCOW. PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI HEADED RED CHINA'S DELEGATION AND GOT A BIG HAND WHEN KHRUSHCHEV INTRODUCED HIM.

KHRUSHCHEV IN NAMING THE COUNTRIES REPRESENTED ALSO IGNORED YUGOSLAVIA, WHICH WAS REPRESENTED AT THE 1959 PARTY CONGRESS BY ITS AMBASSADOR IN MOSCOW BUT WHICH DID NOT ATTEND THE SUMMIT MEETING IN NOVEMBER.

AS ONE OF ITS FIRST ACTIONS THE CONGRESS OBSERVED A MOMENT OF SILENCE FOR COMMUNIST LEADERS WHO HAVE DIED SINCE 1959 AND ALSO FOR FORMER PREMIER PATRICE LUMUMBA OF THE CONGO, WHO KHRUSHCHEV SAID WAS "MURDERED BY THE MERCENARIES OF THE IMPERIALISTS."

AFTER UNANIMOUS ELECTION OF THE CONGRESS PRESIDUM, SECRETARIAT AND COMMITTEES--ALL HONORARY POSTS--THE CONGRESS ADOPTED AN AGENDA INCLUDING DISCUSSION OF THE NEW PARTY PROGRAM, NEW PARTY RULES AND THE REPORT OF THE PARTY'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

KHRUSHCHEV THEN AROSE TO REVIEW THE NEW PARTY PROGRAM, COMMUNIST POLICIES AT HOME AND ABROAD AND THE SITUATION OF THE COMMUNIST MOVEMENT. HE WAS EXPECTED TO SPEAK FOR FOUR OR FIVE HOURS BUT BEFORE HE STARTED TV AND RADIO COVERAGE WAS CUT OFF AND NEWSMEN AND OBSERVERS WERE CLEARED FROM THE HALL.

KHRUSHCHEV'S PLAN FORESEES GREAT STRIDES IN INDUSTRIAL AND AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, AND A BETTER LIFE FOR THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE, WITH MORE FOOD AND CLOTHING AND MORE AND MORE FREE SERVICES.

THE SESSION IS EXPECTED TO LAST ABOUT 10 DAYS AND HAS BROUGHT TOP-RANKING COMMUNISTS FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD TO MOSCOW.

PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI REPRESENTS RED CHINA AND IS THE MAIN FOCUS OF DIPLOMATIC ATTENTION. KHRUSHCHEV HIMSELF MET CHOU AT THE AIRPORT, THE ONLY DELEGATE SO FAR HE HAS TURNED OUT TO GREET.

MANY DIPLOMATS BELIEVE CHOU WILL TRY TO GET HIS RUSSIAN ALLIES TO TONE DOWN THOSE SECTIONS OF THE PROGRAM CALLING FOR PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE AND FOR SUPPORT OF ALL INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS WHETHER THEY ARE COMMUNIST OR NOT.

ONLY MEMBERS OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY HAVE A VOTE, HOWEVER, AND IT IS DOUBTFUL WHETHER CHOU WILL INFLUENCE THEM.

IN ANY CASE, PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE WAS A MAJOR THEME OF THE SLOGANS PUBLISHED BY THE SOVIET COMMUNIST NEWSPAPER PRAVDA.

WHILE THE SLOGANS ARE FOR THE NOV. 7 ANNIVERSARY OF THE BOLSHEVIK REVOLUTION, PRAVDA SAW FIT TO COVER THE FRONT PAGE WITH THEM ON THE EVE OF THE CONGRESS. NEWS OF THE CONGRESS APPEARED INSIDE.

"LONG LIVE FRIENDSHIP AND COOPERATION BETWEEN THE PEOPLE OF BRITAIN, THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE AND THE SOVIET UNION IN THE INTERESTS OF A STABLE PEACE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD," SAID ONE.

THERE WAS EVEN A SLOGAN FOR THE WEST GERMAN PEOPLE AT A TIME WHEN THE CRISIS OVER BERLIN LIES BLACK ON THE HORIZON.

"ARDENT GREETINGS TO THE WORKING PEOPLE AND ALL PROGRESSIVE FORCES OF THE GERMAN REPUBLIC FIGHTING AGAINST MILITARISM AND REBIRTH OF FASCISM," SAID THE SLOGAN. "LET FRIENDSHIP GROW STRONG BETWEEN THE SOVIET AND GERMAN PEOPLES."

AMONG THE EARLY ARRIVALS WAS WALTER ULBRICHT, COMMUNIST PARTY CHIEF IN EAST GERMANY, ALWAYS REFERRED TO BY THE RUSSIANS AS THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OR GDR.

JOINING THE EASTERN COMMUNIST PARTY DELEGATION VISITORS WERE THREE OTHER ORIENTAL DELEGATIONS IN ADDITION TO CHOU'S.

PRESIDENT HO CHI MINH HEADED THE NORTH VIET NAM DELEGATION. TRAINED IN MOSCOW, HE LED THE FIGHT AGAINST FRANCE IN INDOCHINA AND NOW IS ONE OF COMMUNISM'S ELDER STATESMEN IN ASIA.

OTHERS FROM THE FAR EAST ON HAND ARE PREMIER KIM IL-SUNG OF NORTH KOREA AND PREMIER UMZHAGIN TSEDENBAL OF OTHER MONGOLIA. DELEGATIONS FROM NON-COMMUNIST COUNTRIES ARE ON HAND FROM WESTERN EUROPE, THE UNITED STATES, CUBA AND VARIOUS PARTS OF AFRICA, ASIA AND LATIN AMERICA.

THE SOVIET CAPITAL WAS A BLAZE OF LIGHT AND ACTIVITY THE NIGHT BEFORE THE OPENING OF CONGRESS AS WORKERS RUSHED TO FINISH MAJOR CONSTRUCTION JOBS.

IN THE MAIN SQUARE IN FRONT OF THE BOLSHOI THEATRE, FINAL TOUCHES WERE BEING PUT TO A HUGE NEW STATUE OF KARL MARX. ARMY LABOR BRIGADES WERE CALLED OUT TO COMPLETE UNDERPASSES BEING BUILT AT MAJOR TRAFFIC INTERSECTIONS. WOMEN WERE PUTTING NEW COATS OF PAINT ON BUILDINGS NEAR THE KREMLIN.

THE SITE OF THE MEETING, THE 6,000-SEAT KREMLIN THEATRE--AIR-CONDITIONED AND SUPPLIED WITH ELECTRICAL COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT BY WEST GERMAN FIRMS--GOT A FINAL POLISH.

--DASH--

THE FOLLOWING PARAGRAPH AND PICKUP LINE ARE FOR EDITORS DESIRING TO USE THE ABOVE STORY AS A TOP FOR MOSCOW'S CONGRESS PARTY ADVANCE, MOVED OCT. 15 AS A120-121-122-123 FOR TUESDAY AMS.

THE PARTY PROGRAM FORESEES THE SOVIET UNION PRODUCING MORE STEEL, MORE FOOD, MORE CLOTHING THAN THE UNITED STATES WITHIN TWO DECADES. PART OF IT X X X SECOND CRAFT A120

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A120

(770)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR TUESDAY AMS OCT. 1 BY PRESTON GROVER

(ADVANCE) MOSCOW, OCT. 16 (AP)--BY THE TIME YOUR BABY IS IN COLLEGE, WILL THE SOVIET UNION PRODUCE MORE STEEL, MORE FOOD, MORE CLOTHING--AND MORE INFLUENCE IN THE WORLD--THAN THE UNITED STATES? THE COMMUNIST PARTY SAYS SO IN THE PROGRAM WHICH IS COMING UP FOR ADOPTION AT A PARTY CONGRESS OPENING TOMORROW.

PART OF IT WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED. MUCH WON'T.

THERE IS SO MUCH ILLUSION WRITTEN INTO THE PROGRAM THAT WESTERN READERS MAY WONDER WHY RUSSIANS FOOL THEMSELVES SO.

FOR INSTANCE, THE PROGRAM DRAWS THIS PICTURE FOR CAPITALIST COUNTRIES SUCH AS THE UNITED STATES: "THE GULF BETWEEN THE HAVES AND THE HAVE NOTS IS WIDENING AND SUFFERING AND PRIVATIONS OF MILLIONS ARE GROWING WORSE."

ACTUALLY THERE ARE FEW IF ANY COUNTRIES IN THE WEST WHERE THAT IS TRUE.

WHEN THE PROGRAM SAYS SOVIET "CULTURAL AND TECHNICAL STANDARDS WILL IMPROVE SUBSTANTIALLY," IT CANNOT BE DENIED. THAT IS GOING ON. IT MAY CONTINUE. BUT WHEN IT ADDS THAT "EVERYONE WILL LIVE IN EASY CIRCUMSTANCES" BY 1971 THAT APPEARS, TO WESTERN EYES, A FANTASY.

THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN LAUNCHED WITH A BIG PROPAGANDA CAMPAIGN. IT HAS TO BE. THE HARD FACT IS THAT WHILE THE PROMISES TO THE ORDINARY MAN IN THE SOVIET UNION ARE LARGE, WHAT HE GETS IMMEDIATELY, IN THE COMING MONTHS, IS SMALL.

WHAT IS GOING TO HAPPEN TO THE AVERAGE RUSSIAN, THE DAY AFTER THE PROGRAM IS ADOPTED? NOTHING.

"IT MEANS A LONG PERIOD OF MORE HARD WORK," WAS THE COMMENT OF ONE RUSSIAN.

WESTERN DIPLOMATS SAY THEY HAVE FOUND LITTLE ENTHUSIASM FOR THE PROGRAM AMONG THE RANK AND FILE. SOMEHOW, EVERYTHING SOUNDS SO FAR AWAY--10 OR 20 YEARS--AND STILL LATER "THE SUBSEQUENT PERIOD," OFTEN REFERRED TO IN THE PROGRAM.

A WHOLLY DIFFERENT PICTURE IS PRESENTED IN THE SCORES OF PARTY AND GOVERNMENTAL NEWSPAPERS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

ONE THING SEEMS CERTAIN. PRODUCTION IN THE SOVIET UNION WILL INCREASE--FOR IT IS ALREADY INCREASING FASTER THAN IN THE UNITED STATES, WHICH HAS MUCH OF ITS DEVELOPMENT ACCOMPLISHED.

TO WESTERNERS, THE PROMISES NEVERTHELESS SEEM EXCESSIVE:

"IN THE CURRENT DECADE (1961-70) THE SOVIET UNION, IN CREATING THE MATERIAL AND TECHNICAL BASIS OF COMMUNISM, WILL SURPASS THE STRONGEST AND RICHEST CAPITALIST COUNTRY, THE U.S.A., IN PRODUCTION PER HEAD OF POPULATION."

FOR THE WORLD AT LARGE THERE IS ALSO A PACKAGE. SOVIET DETERMINATION TO INCREASE PRESSURE FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMUNIST REGIMES IN EVERY NATION IS CLEARLY STATED. THE AIM IS TO DO IT WITHOUT WAR OR VIOLENT REVOLUTION. IF CAPITALIST CLASSES BECOME TOO RESISTANT, THEN VIOLENT REVOLUTION IS APPROVED--AND SOVIET SYMPATHY AND ASSISTANCE ARE PROMISED.

UNRELENTING PRESSURE ON ALL CAPITALIST AND SEMICAPITALISTIC STATES WILL CONTINUE IN AN EFFORT TO PERUADE THEM TO GIVE UP THE BATTLE AND LET THE COMMUNISTS TAKE OVER.

THE UNITED STATES IS PICTURED AS THE MAJOR GREAT OBSTACLE TO THE EXPANSION OF COMMUNISM. EVEN THE MOST ARDENT SOVIET COMMUNIST CONCEDES THAT IT IS GOING TO BE A LONG TIME BEFORE HE CAN REALLY HOPE FOR ANYTHING LIKE THE HAMMER AND SICKLE ON AN AMERICAN FLAGPOLE. BUT THAT IS THE AIM. EARLIER TARGETS ARE IN AFRICA, SOUTHEAST ASIA AND LATIN AMERICA.

THE MAJOR PART OF THE PROGRAM IS CONCERNED WITH THE SOVIET UNION ITSELF. HIGH PRIORITY IS GIVEN TO GETTING MORE FOOD, MORE AND HANDSOMER CLOTHING, MORE STEEL, MORE ELECTRICITY AND BETTER HOUSES FOR SOVIET CITIZENS.

PRESENT SOVIET STEEL PRODUCTION IS ABOUT 70 MILLION TONS. A 500 PER CENT INCREASE PROMISED BY 1981 WOULD PUT IT OVER 350 MILLION TONS. THAT IS THREE TIMES AMERICAN NORMAL CAPACITY. SUCH A VOLUME WOULD EXCEED THE NEEDS OF EVEN THE MOST EXAGGERATED PROGRAM.

KHRUSHCHEV HAS INDICATED THE COUNTRY IS NOT GOING STEEL-MAD, AND WILL TAPER OFF SOMEWHERE SHORT OF SUCH THEORETICAL GOALS.

THE BIG PROBLEM IS AGRICULTURE, AND HERE THE FIGURES DON'T ALWAYS TRACK. FOR THE PAST THREE YEARS TARGETS HAVE NOT BEEN REACHED IN CROP PRODUCTION. YET THE PROGRAM LIVES OR DIES WITH AGRICULTURE.

THERE ARE NO BIG INDEPENDENTLY OWNED FARMS SUCH AS PRODUCE THE MONSTER CROPS IN THE UNITED STATES. PEASANTS SPEND MOST OF THEIR TIME WORKING ON STATE AND COOPERATIVE FARMS. SOME BIG OPERATIONS ARE SUCCESSFUL. COTTON PRODUCTION ON A MASS BASIS WORKS IN UZBEKISTAN, ALTHOUGH NOT AS ECONOMICALLY AS IN THE UNITED STATES.

KHRUSHCHEV'S VENTURESOME ATTEMPT TO TURN SIBERIAN VIRGIN LANDS INTO THE WHEAT BIN OF THE SOVIET UNION REMAINS A PROBLEMATIC SCHEME. MILLIONS OF ACRES OF NEW LAND HAVE BEEN SOWN IN SIBERIA AND IN SOME OF THE SOUTHERN REPUBLICS FRONTING ON CHINA AND AFGHANISTAN, NOTABLY KAZAKHSTAN. THE YIELD OF WHEAT HAS BEEN A GAMBLE. THIS YEAR AGAIN--THE THIRD IN A ROW--VAST QUANTITIES ARE ROTTING IN THE FIELDS. SPRING COMES TOO LATE AND FALL TOO EARLY. WHEN RAIN IS NEEDED IT WON'T RAIN. AT HARVEST TIME IT POURS.

A LOT OF WHEAT HAS COME FROM THAT AREA, BUT SOMEHOW THE FARMERS THERE DON'T THROW THEMSELVES INTO THE JOB. EXPENSIVE COMBINE HARVESTERS COME UP TO EACH HARVESTING TIME STILL OUT OF ACTION. NO SPARE PARTS. THREE YEARS IN A ROW IT HAS BEEN THAT WAY.

UNDER THE NEW PROGRAM, AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION IS SUPPOSED TO INCREASE BY 150 PER CENT BY 1971. THAT MEANS MORE THAN DOUBLING PRODUCTION. BY 1981 THERE WILL BE A 250 PER CENT INCREASE--IF THE PLAN IS FULFILLED. MEAT IS SUPPOSED TO INCREASE BY 150 PER CENT IN 10 YEARS AND FOUR TIMES IN 20 YEARS.

KHRUSHCHEV SAID IN 1957 THE SOVIET UNION WOULD OUTSTRIP THE UNITED STATES IN MEAT, BUTTER AND MILK PRODUCTION BY 1960. IT HASN'T. THERE HAS BEEN AN IMPROVEMENT IN RECENT YEARS, BUT THE

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HAS RUN ABOUT 5 PER CENT A YEAR. THE BEST AREAS FOR MEAT GROWING HAVE LONG BEEN UNDER CULTIVATION.

THE PROGRAM IS BY NO MEANS CERTAIN TO SET THE FARM SITUATION RIGHT, AND IT MAY NOT WORK MAGIC IN OTHER FIELDS. AT THE TIME OF THE LAST PARTY CONGRESS IN 1959, ASSURANCE WAS GIVEN THAT THE SIX HOUR DAY--A 36 HOUR WEEK--WOULD COME BY 1964. NOW IT IS PROMISED BY 1970.

ONLY WITHIN THE PAST YEAR HAS THE COUNTRY APPROACHED THE 40 HOUR WEEK. THE WORK WEEK NOW IS 42 HOURS--SEVEN HOURS A DAY FOR SIX DAYS A WEEK.

RUSSIAN WORKERS ARE LESS WELL OFF THAN IN AMERICA, FRANCE, BRITAIN, BELGIUM OR GERMANY. RUSSIANS DON'T HAVE A CHANCE TO MAKE THAT SORT OF COMPARISON VERY OFTEN. BUT THEY CAN COMPARE THEIR PRESENT SITUATION WITH THEIR OWN 10 YEARS AGO. THEY ARE BETTER OFF NOW IF FOOD, CLOTHING AND SHELTER. THE PROGRAM PROMISES TO MAKE IT STILL BETTER FOR THEM--BUT THEY LOOK UPON IT AS A LONG, HARD HAUL.

PEASANTS, BY CONTRAST, ARE BY NO MEANS CERTAIN WHETHER THEY ARE BETTER OFF. THEY HAVE LAGGED FAR BEHIND THE WORKERS IN GETTING THE BETTER THINGS OF LIFE. THE PROGRAM PROMISES TO DO RIGHT BY THEM.

IT WILL BE A LONG TIME BEFORE THE PEASANTS CATCH UP WITH AMERICA, BUT THEY MIGHT JUST CATCH UP WITH THE WORKERS IN THE SOVIET UNION, AND THAT WOULD BE, FOR THEM, A GREAT LEAP FORWARD.

END ADVANCE FOR TUESDAY AMS OCT. 17. MOVED OCT. 15.

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A124

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS
BY PRESTON GROVER (1,000)

(ADVANCE) MOSCOW, OCT. 16 (AP)--NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV THIS WEEK LAUNCHES 214 MILLION SOVIET CITIZENS INTO A 20-YEAR PROGRAM OF HARD WORK SEEKING TO END QUEUES AND SHORTAGES IN RUSSIA, TO OVERTAKE THE UNITED STATES IN PRODUCTION, AND SPREAD COMMUNISM WIDELY OVER THE WORLD.

THE OUTLINE FOR ALL THIS IS LAID OUT IN 47,000 WORDS OF A PARTY PROGRAM FOR THE 22ND CONGRESS OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY OPENING TOMORROW.

IT IS THE FIRST OVER-ALL NEW PROGRAM FOR THE PARTY LAID OUT SINCE LENIN WROTE THE BROAD OUTLINES OF SOVIET SOCIALISM IN 1919. THE PROGRAM IS CLEARLY INTENDED TO PUT THE KHRUSHCHEV STAMP ON THE COMING TWO DECADES.

THIS IS A PROGRAM FOR A NATION LEADING THE WHOLE COMMUNIST WORLD--PART OF IT WILLINGLY AND PART NOT. THE MEETING CAN BE EXPECTED TO ADOPT THE PROGRAM WITH NO CHANGES OF IMPORTANCE.

IN COMARISON WITH THE UNITED STATES, SALARIES HERE ARE LOW, PUBLIC ASSISTANCE MORE EXTENSIVE AND CHEAPER. THE DOCTOR TREATS YOU WITHOUT CHARGE, BUT IT IS ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE TO BUY AN AUTOMOBILE, AND CLOTHES ARE AT LEAST TWICE AS EXPENSIVE AS IN THE UNITED STATES.

JOKES ABOUT HOUSING STILL ARE PAINFULLY TRUE. TWO OR MORE FAMILIES, USUALLY RELATED, LIVE IN THE SAME SINGLE ROOM, AND PERHAPS SHARE A KITCHEN AND BATHROOM WITH OTHER FAMILIES WHO ARE NOT RELATIVES.

SUCH SITUATIONS EXPLAIN ONE CURRENT JOKE ABOUT A LITTLE BOY WHO PROTESTED THAT HE COULDN'T HANG UP A PICTURE OF LENIN.

"IN EVERY ROOM THERE IS A WALL," HIS TEACHER PROTESTED.

"BUT WE LIVE IN THE CENTER OF THE ROOM," OBJECTED THE BOY.

SOVIET AUTHORITIES ARE BUILDING APARTMENT HOUSES AT A NOTABLE RATE. YET THE POPULATION ALSO IS INCREASING. IT IS NOT MUCH COMFORT TO LITTLE NISHA TO BE TOLD THAT IN 20 YEARS HIS FAMILY WILL HAVE AN APARTMENT OF ITS OWN.

THE AVERAGE RUSSIAN NEVER DREAMS OF OWNING AN AUTOMOBILE. MORE CARS ARE PROMISED IN THE COMING 20 YEARS. BUT MAINLY THE PROGRAM CALLS FOR MORE MOTOR POOLS WHERE PEOPLE CAN RENT CARS OR GET TAXIS. BUT MEANWHILE TAXIS HAVE DECREASED IN MOSCOW DURING THE PAST YEAR.

HERE, IN SUM, IS WHAT IS PROMISED AT THE END OF 20 YEARS:

FREE MAINTENANCE OF CHILDREN AT CHILDREN'S INSTITUTIONS AND BOARDING SCHOOLS. MAINTENANCE OF DISABLED PEOPLE. FREE EDUCATION AT ALL EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

ALSO FREE MEDICAL SERVICES FOR ALL CITIZENS, INCLUDING THE SUPPLY OF MEDICINES AND THE TREATMENT OF SICK PERSONS AT SANATORIUMS. RENT-FREE HOUSING AND, LATER, FREE PUBLIC SERVICES (GAS, ELECTRICITY). FREE PUBLIC TRANSPORT FACILITIES (BUSES, STREET CARS).

ALSO REDUCED CHARGES FOR HOLIDAY HOMES, BOARDING HOUSES AND TOURIST CAMPS, AND PERHAPS SOME OF THIS FREE. GRADUAL INTRODUCTION OF FREE PUBLIC CATERING (MID-DAY MEALS AT FACTORIES AND OFFICES, AND FOR COOPERATIVE FARMERS AT WORK).

"THE SOVIET STATE WILL THUS DEMONSTRATE TO THE WORLD A TRULY FULL SATISFACTION OF ALL THE GROWING MATERIAL AND CULTURAL REQUIREMENTS OF MAN," SAYS THE PROGRAM.

THE USE OF THE WORD "FREE" IS QUESTIONABLE. A PAIR OF CHEAP SHOES THAT CAN BE HAD IN THE WEST FOR \$5-6 COSTS \$28-30 HERE. THE BALANCE GOES TO THE GOVERNMENT TO HELP, AMONG OTHER THINGS, SUBSIDIZE HOUSING. DRESSES, COATS, POOR NYLON STOCKINGS (AT \$3.80 A PAIR) RUN INTO MONEY.

YET THE WHOLE PROGRAM OF PROMISED FREE SOCIAL SERVICE IS AN IMPORTANT MATTER, AND MUCH OF IT WILL BE PROVIDED JUST AS IT SAYS IN THE BOOK. THAT CAN BE SAID BECAUSE SOME OF IT IS ALREADY ON THE WAY. THERE IS MUCH FREE MEDICAL HELP, INCLUDING HOSPITALIZATION. RENT IS SUBSIDIZED NOW AND IS LOW EVEN IF IT DOESN'T BUY MUCH SPACE.

THESE THINGS GO FAR TO CONVINCING THE AVERAGE RUSSIAN THAT HE IS DOING FAIRLY WELL, ALTHOUGH WITH SCARCELY AN EXCEPTION THEY LOOK UPON THE AMERICAN WAY OF LIFE AS SOMETHING ON A HIGHER LEVEL.

THE PROGRAM MAKES GOOD PROPAGANDA ABROAD, IF YOU DON'T MENTION THE ACCOMPANYING HIGH PRICES. DURING THE COMING YEARS THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT WILL MAKE MAXIMUM USE OF IT. THE PRESS HERE REPORTS CONSTANTLY THAT THINGS ARE BAD IN THE UNITED STATES IN CONTRAST TO CONDITIONS HERE. THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS SPREADS THE SAME PICTURE ABROAD.

PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE IS THE PARTY DOCTRINE, BUT THE PROGRAM ADDS: "THE PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE OF STATES WITH DIFFERENT SOCIAL SYSTEMS DOES NOT IMPLY DISCONTINUANCE OF THE IDEOLOGICAL STRUGGLE. IN THE WEST IT OFTEN IS KNOWN AS THE COLD WAR. THE COMMUNIST PARTY WILL GO ON EXPOSING THE ANTIPOPULAR, REACTIONARY NATURE OF CAPITALISM AND ALL ATTEMPTS TO PAINT BRIGHT PICTURES OF THE CAPITALIST SYSTEM."

"THE PARTY WILL STEADFASTLY PROPAGATE THE GREAT ADVANTAGES OF SOCIALISM AND COMMUNISM OVER THE DECLINING CAPITALISTIC SYSTEM." THAT IS ALREADY BEING DONE IN EVERY CORNER OF THE GLOBE.

THE PARTY ORGANIZATION IS GIVEN AN INCREASING JOB. THROUGHOUT THE WHOLE OF THIS PROGRAM THE APPROXIMATELY EIGHT MILLION MEMBERS OF THE PARTY ARE DIRECTED TO KEEP A WATCHFUL EYE ON THE OTHER 206 MILLION SOVIET CITIZENS.

THAT GOES FOR THE MILITARY TOO. THE PARTY PROCLAIMS THAT THE FIGHTING FORCES WILL BE UNDER ONE-MAN COMMAND, BUT IT ADDS IN ANOTHER PLACE:

"PARTY LEADERSHIP OF THE ARMED FORCES, AND THE INCREASING ROLE AND INFLUENCE OF THE PARTY ORGANIZATION IN THE ARMY AND NAVY ARE THE BEDROCK OF MILITARY DEVELOPMENT."

IT IS TO WORK QUIETLY BUT CEASELESSLY AGAINST RELIGION.

ONE OF THE NIGHTIEST CHANGES APPEARS TO BE THE MECHANISM PROPOSED FOR GETTING NEW BLOOD INTO PARTY GOVERNMENT. PARTY FATIGUE HAS BEEN EVIDENT IN MANY A SPOT. GREAT CHUNKS OF THE PARTY ORGANIZATION CAN BE CHANGED UNDER THE PROPOSED SYSTEM REQUIRING THAT HALF TO A QUARTER OF THE EXECUTIVE MEMBERSHIP STEP OUT PERIODICALLY.

PARTY OFFICIALS WILL BE PROHIBITED FROM SERVING MORE THAN A STATED NUMBER OF TERMS. SURELY SOME OF THE TIRED OLD WHEELHORSES ARE GOING TO BE DROPPED OFF THE PARTY PRESIDIUM, THE TOP RULING BODY.

THERE IS A LOOPHOLE:

PRESIDENT HO CHI MINH HEADED THE NORTH VIET NAM DELEGATION. TRAINED IN MOSCOW, HE LED THE FIGHT AGAINST FRANCE IN INDOCHINA AND NOW IS ONE OF COMMUNISM'S ELDER STATESMEN IN ASIA. OTHERS FROM THE FAR EAST ON HAND ARE PREMIER KIM IL-SUNG OF NORTH KOREA AND PREMIER UMZHAGIN TSEDENBAL OF OTHER MONGOLIA. DELEGATIONS FROM NONE-COMMUNIST COUNTRIES ARE ON HAND FROM WESTERN EUROPE, THE UNITED STATES, CUBA AND VARIOUS PARTS OF AFRICA, ASIA AND LATIN AMERICA.

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FOR INSTANCE, THE PROGRAM DRAWS THIS PICTURE FOR CAPITALIST COUNTRIES SUCH AS THE UNITED STATES: "THE GULF BETWEEN THE HAVES AND THE HAVE NOTS IS WIDENING AND SUFFERING AND PRIVATIONS OF MILLIONS ARE GROWING WORSE."

ACTUALLY THERE ARE FEW IF ANY COUNTRIES IN THE WEST WHERE THAT IS TRUE.

WHEN THE PROGRAM SAYS SOVIET "CULTURAL AND TECHNICAL STANDARDS WILL IMPROVE SUBSTANTIALLY," IT CANNOT BE DENIED. THAT IS GOING ON. IT MAY CONTINUE. BUT WHEN IT ADDS THAT "EVERYONE WILL LIVE IN EASY CIRCUMSTANCES" BY 1971 THAT APPEARS, TO WESTERN EYES, A FANTASY.

THE PROGRAM HAS BEEN LAUNCHED WITH A BIG PROPAGANDA CAMPAIGN. IT HAS TO BE. THE HARD FACT IS THAT WHILE THE PROMISES TO THE ORDINARY MAN IN THE SOVIET UNION ARE LARGE, WHAT HE GETS IMMEDIATELY, IN THE COMING MONTHS, IS SMALL.

WHAT IS GOING TO HAPPEN TO THE AVERAGE RUSSIAN, THE DAY AFTER THE PROGRAM IS ADOPTED? NOTHING.

"IT MEANS A LONG PERIOD OF MORE HARD WORK," WAS THE COMMENT OF ONE RUSSIAN.

WESTERN DIPLOMATS SAY THEY HAVE FOUND LITTLE ENTHUSIASM FOR THE PROGRAM AMONG THE RANK AND FILE. SOMEHOW, EVERYTHING SOUNDS SO FAR AWAY--10 OR 20 YEARS--AND STILL LATER "THE SUBSEQUENT PERIOD," OFTEN REFERRED TO IN THE PROGRAM.

A WHOLLY DIFFERENT PICTURE IS PRESENTED IN THE SCORES OF PARTY AND GOVERNMENTAL NEWSPAPERS THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

ONE THING SEEMS CERTAIN. PRODUCTION IN THE SOVIET UNION WILL INCREASE--FOR IT IS ALREADY INCREASING FASTER THAN IN THE UNITED STATES, WHICH HAS MUCH OF ITS DEVELOPMENT ACCOMPLISHED.

TO WESTERNERS, THE PROMISES NEVERTHELESS SEEM EXCESSIVE: "IN THE CURRENT DECADE (1961-70) THE SOVIET UNION, IN CREATING THE MATERIAL AND TECHNICAL BASIS OF COMMUNISM, WILL SURPASS THE STRONGEST AND RICHEST CAPITALIST COUNTRY, THE U.S.A., IN PRODUCTION PER HEAD OF POPULATION."

FOR THE WORLD AT LARGE THERE IS ALSO A PACKAGE. SOVIET DETERMINATION TO INCREASE PRESSURE FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMUNIST REGIMES IN EVERY NATION IS CLEARLY STATED. THE AIM IS TO DO IT WITHOUT WAR OR VIOLENT REVOLUTION. IF CAPITALIST CLASSES BECOME TOO RESISTANT, THEN VIOLENT REVOLUTION IS APPROVED--AND SOVIET SYMPATHY AND ASSISTANCE ARE PROMISED.

UNRELENTING PRESSURE ON ALL CAPITALIST AND SEMICAPITALISTIC STATES WILL CONTINUE IN AN EFFORT TO PERUADE THEM TO GIVE UP THE BATTLE AND LET THE COMMUNISTS TAKE OVER.

THE UNITED STATES IS PICTURED AS THE MAJOR GREAT OBSTACLE TO THE EXPANSION OF COMMUNISM. EVEN THE MOST ARDENT SOVIET COMMUNIST CONCEDES THAT IT IS GOING TO BE A LONG TIME BEFORE HE CAN REALLY HOPE FOR ANYTHING LIKE THE HAMMER AND SICKLE ON AN AMERICAN FLAGPOLE. BUT THAT IS THE AIM. EARLIER TARGETS ARE IN AFRICA, SOUTHEAST ASIA AND LATIN AMERICA.

THE MAJOR PART OF THE PROGRAM IS CONCERNED WITH THE SOVIET UNION ITSELF. HIGH PRIORITY IS GIVEN TO GETTING MORE FOOD, MORE AND HANDSOMER CLOTHING, MORE STEEL, MORE ELECTRICITY AND BETTER HOUSES FOR SOVIET CITIZENS.

PRESENT SOVIET STEEL PRODUCTION IS ABOUT 70 MILLION TONS. A 500 PER CENT INCREASE PROMISED BY 1981 WOULD PUT IT OVER 350 MILLION TONS. THAT IS THREE TIMES AMERICAN NORMAL CAPACITY. SUCH A VOLUME WOULD EXCEED THE NEEDS OF EVEN THE MOST EXAGGERATED PROGRAM.

KHRUSHCHEV HAS INDICATED THE COUNTRY IS NOT GOING STEEL-MAD, AND WILL TAPER OFF SOMEWHERE SHORT OF SUCH THEORETICAL GOALS.

THE BIG PROBLEM IS AGRICULTURE, AND HERE THE FIGURES DON'T ALWAYS TRACK. FOR THE PAST THREE YEARS TARGETS HAVE NOT BEEN REACHED IN CROP PRODUCTION. YET THE PROGRAM LIVES OR DIES WITH AGRICULTURE.

THERE ARE NO BIG INDEPENDENTLY OWNED FARMS SUCH AS PRODUCE THE MONSTER CROPS IN THE UNITED STATES. PEASANTS SPEND MOST OF THEIR TIME WORKING ON STATE AND COOPERATIVE FARMS. SOME BIG OPERATIONS ARE SUCCESSFUL. COTTON PRODUCTION ON A MASS BASIS WORKS IN UZBEKISTAN, ALTHOUGH NOT AS ECONOMICALLY AS IN THE UNITED STATES.

KHRUSHCHEV'S VENTURESOME ATTEMPT TO TURN SIBERIAN VIRGIN LANDS INTO THE WHEAT BIN OF THE SOVIET UNION REMAINS A PROBLEMATICAL SCHEME. MILLIONS OF ACRES OF NEW LAND HAVE BEEN SOWN IN SIBERIA AND IN SOME OF THE SOUTHERN REPUBLICS FRONTING ON CHINA AND AFGHANISTAN, NOTABLY KAZAKHSTAN. THE YIELD OF WHEAT HAS BEEN A GAMBLE. THIS YEAR AGAIN--THE THIRD IN A ROW--VAST QUANTITIES ARE ROTTING IN THE FIELDS. SPRING COMES TOO LATE AND FALL TOO EARLY. WHEN RAIN IS NEEDED IT WON'T RAIN. AT HARVEST TIME IT POURS.

A LOT OF WHEAT HAS COME FROM THAT AREA, BUT SOMEHOW THE FARMERS THERE DON'T THROW THEMSELVES INTO THE JOB. EXPENSIVE COMBINE HARVESTERS COME UP TO EACH HARVESTING TIME STILL OUT OF ACTION. NO SPARE PARTS. THREE YEARS IN A ROW IT HAS BEEN THAT WAY.

UNDER THE NEW PROGRAM, AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION IS SUPPOSED TO INCREASE BY 150 PER CENT BY 1971. THAT MEANS MORE THAN DOUBLING PRODUCTION. BY 1981 THERE WILL BE A 250 PER CENT INCREASE--IF THE PLAN IS FULFILLED. MEAT IS SUPPOSED TO INCREASE BY 150 PER CENT IN 10 YEARS, AND FOUR TIMES IN 20 YEARS.

KHRUSHCHEV SAID IN 1957 THE SOVIET UNION WOULD OUTSTRIP THE UNITED STATES IN MEAT, BUTTER AND MILK PRODUCTION BY 1960. IT HASN'T. THERE HAS BEEN AN IMPROVEMENT IN RECENT YEARS. BUT THE MEAT INCREASE

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HAS RUN ABOUT 5 PER CENT A YEAR. THE BEST AREAS FOR MEAT GROWING HAVE LONG BEEN UNDER CULTIVATION.

THE PROGRAM IS BY NO MEANS CERTAIN TO SET THE FARM SITUATION RIGHT, AND IT MAY NOT WORK MAGIC IN OTHER FIELDS. AT THE TIME OF THE LAST PARTY CONGRESS IN 1959, ASSURANCE WAS GIVEN THAT THE SIX HOUR DAY--A 36 HOUR WEEK--WOULD COME BY 1964. NOW IT IS PROMISED BY 1970.

ONLY WITHIN THE PAST YEAR HAS THE COUNTRY APPROACHED THE 40 HOUR WEEK. THE WORK WEEK NOW IS 42 HOURS--SEVEN HOURS A DAY FOR SIX DAYS A WEEK.

RUSSIAN WORKERS ARE LESS WELL OFF THAN IN AMERICA, FRANCE, BRITAIN, BELGIUM OR GERMANY. RUSSIANS DON'T HAVE A CHANCE TO MAKE THAT SORT OF COMPARISON VERY OFTEN. BUT THEY CAN COMPARE THEIR PRESENT SITUATION WITH THEIR OWN 10 YEARS AGO. THEY ARE BETTER OFF NOW IF FOOD, CLOTHING AND SHELTER. THE PROGRAM PROMISES TO MAKE IT STILL BETTER FOR THEM--BUT THEY LOOK UPON IT AS A LONG, HARD HAUL.

PEASANTS, BY CONTRAST, ARE BY NO MEANS CERTAIN WHETHER THEY ARE BETTER OFF. THEY HAVE LAGGED FAR BEHIND THE WORKERS IN GETTING THE BETTER THINGS OF LIFE. THE PROGRAM PROMISES TO DO RIGHT BY THEM.

IT WILL BE A LONG TIME BEFORE THE PEASANTS CATCH UP WITH AMERICA, BUT THEY MIGHT JUST CATCH UP WITH THE WORKERS IN THE SOVIET UNION, AND THAT WOULD BE, FOR THEM, A GREAT LEAP FORWARD.

END ADVANCE FOR TUESDAY AMS OCT. 17. MOVED OCT. 15.

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A124

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS
BY PRESTON GROVER (1,000)

(ADVANCE) MOSCOW, OCT. 16 (AP)--NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV THIS WEEK LAUNCHES 214 MILLION SOVIET CITIZENS INTO A 20-YEAR PROGRAM OF HARD WORK SEEKING TO END QUEUES AND SHORTAGES IN RUSSIA, TO OVERTAKE THE UNITED STATES IN PRODUCTION, AND SPREAD COMMUNISM WIDELY OVER THE WORLD.

THE OUTLINE FOR ALL THIS IS LAID OUT IN 47,000 WORDS OF A PARTY PROGRAM FOR THE 22ND CONGRESS OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY OPENING TOMORROW.

IT IS THE FIRST OVER-ALL NEW PROGRAM FOR THE PARTY LAID OUT SINCE LENIN WROTE THE BROAD OUTLINES OF SOVIET SOCIALISM IN 1919. THE PROGRAM IS CLEARLY INTENDED TO PUT THE KHRUSHCHEV STAMP ON THE COMING TWO DECADES.

THIS IS A PROGRAM FOR A NATION LEADING THE WHOLE COMMUNIST WORLD--PART OF IT WILLINGLY AND PART NOT. THE MEETING CAN BE EXPECTED TO ADOPT THE PROGRAM WITH NO CHANGES OF IMPORTANCE.

IN COMPARISON WITH THE UNITED STATES, SALARIES HERE ARE LOW, PUBLIC ASSISTANCE MORE EXTENSIVE AND CHEAPER. THE DOCTOR TREATS YOU WITHOUT CHARGE, BUT IT IS ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE TO BUY AN AUTOMOBILE, AND CLOTHES ARE AT LEAST TWICE AS EXPENSIVE AS IN THE UNITED STATES.

JOKES ABOUT HOUSING STILL ARE PAINFULLY TRUE. TWO OR MORE FAMILIES, USUALLY RELATED, LIVE IN THE SAME SINGLE ROOM, AND PERHAPS SHARE A KITCHEN AND BATHROOM WITH OTHER FAMILIES WHO ARE NOT RELATIVES.

SUCH SITUATIONS EXPLAIN ONE CURRENT JOKE ABOUT A LITTLE BOY WHO PROTESTED THAT HE COULDN'T HANG UP A PICTURE OF LENIN.

"IN EVERY ROOM THERE IS A WALL," HIS TEACHER PROTESTED.

"BUT WE LIVE IN THE CENTER OF THE ROOM," OBJECTED THE BOY.

SOVIET AUTHORITIES ARE BUILDING APARTMENT HOUSES AT A NOTABLE RATE. YET THE POPULATION ALSO IS INCREASING. IT IS NOT MUCH COMFORT TO LITTLE NISHA TO BE TOLD THAT IN 20 YEARS HIS FAMILY WILL HAVE AN APARTMENT OF ITS OWN.

THE AVERAGE RUSSIAN NEVER DREAMS OF OWNING AN AUTOMOBILE. MORE CARS ARE PROMISED IN THE COMING 20 YEARS. BUT MAINLY THE PROGRAM CALLS FOR MORE MOTOR POOLS WHERE PEOPLE CAN RENT CARS OR GET TAXIS. BUT MEANWHILE TAXIS HAVE DECREASED IN MOSCOW DURING THE PAST YEAR.

HERE, IN SUM, IS WHAT IS PROMISED AT THE END OF 20 YEARS:

FREE MAINTENANCE OF CHILDREN AT CHILDREN'S INSTITUTIONS AND BOARDING SCHOOLS. MAINTENANCE OF DISABLED PEOPLE. FREE EDUCATION AT ALL EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

ALSO FREE MEDICAL SERVICES FOR ALL CITIZENS, INCLUDING THE SUPPLY OF MEDICINES AND THE TREATMENT OF SICK PERSONS AT SANATORIUMS. RENT-FREE HOUSING AND, LATER, FREE PUBLIC SERVICES (GAS, ELECTRICITY). FREE PUBLIC TRANSPORT FACILITIES (BUSES, STREET CARS).

ALSO REDUCED CHARGES FOR HOLIDAY HOMES, BOARDING HOUSES AND TOURIST CAMPS, AND PERHAPS SOME OF THIS FREE. GRADUAL INTRODUCTION OF FREE PUBLIC CATERING (MID-DAY MEALS AT FACTORIES AND OFFICES, AND FOR COOPERATIVE FARMERS AT WORK).

"THE SOVIET STATE WILL THUS DEMONSTRATE TO THE WORLD A TRULY FULL SATISFACTION OF ALL THE GROWING MATERIAL AND CULTURAL REQUIREMENTS OF MAN," SAYS THE PROGRAM.

THE USE OF THE WORD "FREE" IS QUESTIONABLE. A PAIR OF CHEAP SHOES THAT CAN BE HAD IN THE WEST FOR \$5-6 COSTS \$28-30 HERE. THE BALANCE GOES TO THE GOVERNMENT TO HELP, AMONG OTHER THINGS, SUBSIDIZE HOUSING. DRESSES, COATS, POOR NYLON STOCKINGS (AT \$3.80 A PAIR) RUN INTO MONEY.

YET THE WHOLE PROGRAM OF PROMISED FREE SOCIAL SERVICE IS AN IMPORTANT MATTER, AND MUCH OF IT WILL BE PROVIDED JUST AS IT SAYS IN THE BOOK. THAT CAN BE SAID BECAUSE SOME OF IT IS ALREADY ON THE WAY. THERE IS MUCH FREE MEDICAL HELP, INCLUDING HOSPITALIZATION. RENT IS SUBSIDIZED NOW AND IS LOW EVEN IF IT DOESN'T BUY MUCH SPACE.

THESE THINGS GO FAR TO CONVINCING THE AVERAGE RUSSIAN THAT HE IS DOING FAIRLY WELL, ALTHOUGH WITH SCARCELY AN EXCEPTION THEY LOOK UPON THE AMERICAN WAY OF LIFE AS SOMETHING ON A HIGHER LEVEL.

THE PROGRAM MAKES GOOD PROPAGANDA ABROAD, IF YOU DON'T MENTION THE ACCOMPANYING HIGH PRICES. DURING THE COMING YEARS THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT WILL MAKE MAXIMUM USE OF IT. THE PRESS HERE REPORTS CONSTANTLY THAT THINGS ARE BAD IN THE UNITED STATES IN CONTRAST TO CONDITIONS HERE. THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS SPREADS THE SAME PICTURE ABROAD.

PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE IS THE PARTY DOCTRINE, BUT THE PROGRAM ADDS: "THE PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE OF STATES WITH DIFFERENT SOCIAL SYSTEMS DOES NOT IMPLY DISCONTINUANCE OF THE IDEOLOGICAL STRUGGLE. IN THE WEST IT OFTEN IS KNOWN AS THE COLD WAR. THE COMMUNIST PARTY WILL GO ON EXPOSING THE ANTIPOPULAR, REACTIONARY NATURE OF CAPITALISM AND ALL ATTEMPTS TO PAINT BRIGHT PICTURES OF THE CAPITALIST SYSTEM."

"THE PARTY WILL STEADFASTLY PROPAGATE THE GREAT ADVANTAGES OF SOCIALISM AND COMMUNISM OVER THE DECLINING CAPITALISTIC SYSTEM."

THAT IS ALREADY BEING DONE IN EVERY CORNER OF THE GLOBE. THE PARTY ORGANIZATION IS GIVEN AN INCREASING JOB. THROUGHOUT THE WHOLE OF THIS PROGRAM THE APPROXIMATELY EIGHT MILLION MEMBERS OF THE PARTY ARE DIRECTED TO KEEP A WATCHFUL EYE ON THE OTHER 206 MILLION SOVIET CITIZENS.

THAT GOES FOR THE MILITARY TOO. THE PARTY PROCLAIMS THAT THE FIGHTING FORCES WILL BE UNDER ONE-MAN COMMAND, BUT IT ADDS IN ANOTHER PLACE:

"PARTY LEADERSHIP OF THE ARMED FORCES, AND THE INCREASING ROLE AND INFLUENCE OF THE PARTY ORGANIZATION IN THE ARMY AND NAVY ARE THE BEDROCK OF MILITARY DEVELOPMENT."

IT IS TO WORK QUIETLY BUT CEASELESSLY AGAINST RELIGION. ONE OF THE MIGHTIEST CHANGES APPEARS TO BE THE MECHANISM PROPOSED FOR GETTING NEW BLOOD INTO PARTY GOVERNMENT. PARTY FATIGUE HAS BEEN EVIDENT IN MANY A SPOT. GREAT CHUNKS OF THE PARTY ORGANIZATION CAN BE CHANGED UNDER THE PROPOSED SYSTEM REQUIRING THAT HALF TO A QUARTER OF THE EXECUTIVE MEMBERSHIP STEP OUT PERIODICALLY.

PARTY OFFICIALS WILL BE PROHIBITED FROM SERVING MORE THAN A STATED NUMBER OF TERMS. SURELY SOME OF THE TIRED OLD WHEELHORSES ARE GOING TO BE DROPPED OFF THE PARTY PRESIDIUM, THE TOP RULING BODY. THERE IS A LOOPHOLE:

"PARTICULAR PARTY WORKERS MAY, BY VIRTUE OF THEIR GENERALLY RECOGNIZED AUTHORITY AND HIGH POLITICAL, ORGANIZATIONAL AND OTHER ABILITIES, BE SUCCESSIVELY ELECTED TO THE LEADING BODIES FOR A LONGER PERIOD." IT REQUIRES A THREE-FOURTHS VOTE, BY SECRET BALLOT.

THE 15 MEMBERS OF THE PRESIDIUM SHOULD NOT SERVE MORE THAN THREE, TWO-YEAR TERMS UNLESS THEY ARE OUTSTANDING MEMBERS. IN THEORY THEY ARE ELECTED BY THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF ABOUT 125 MEMBERS, WHICH IN TURN IS CHOSEN BY THE PARTY CONGRESS OF 4,500 MEMBERS. THE CONGRESS, SUCH AS THE APPROACHING ONE, IS SUPPOSED TO MEET EVERY TWO YEARS, BUT GAPS OF AS LONG AS 13 YEARS HAVE INTERVENED. THE LAST CONGRESS WAS HELD EARLY IN 1959.

IT IS NOT THE METHOD THAT COUNTS SO MUCH AS WHAT MAY COME OF THE PROSPECTIVE RESHUFFLING. CERTAINLY IT GIVES A STRONG LEADER LIKE KHRUSHCHEV AN OPPORTUNITY TO GUIDE INTO OFFICE A LOT OF HIS OWN SELECTIONS.

HE KNOWS THE PARTY AS PERHAPS NO OTHER LEADER, FOR FEW HAVE TRAVELED SO WIDELY AS HE IN THE PAST TWO YEARS. AND HE DOES HAVE A KNACK OF GETTING ACQUAINTED WITH BOTH HIGH AND LOW RANKERS. A MOD FROM HIM WILL SAVE THE ONES HE WANTS, SCUTTLE THE ONES HE DOESN'T.

(END ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS MOVED OCT. 14)
K1034AED

(600)

BY PRESTON GROVER

MOSCOW, OCT. 16 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION PUBLISHED AN APPEAL FOR FRIENDSHIP WITH THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE TODAY, WITHIN 24 HOURS OF OPENING THE BIG COMMUNIST PARTY CONGRESS.

THE APPEAL WAS ONE OF THE 101 SLOGANS THE COUNTRY PUBLISHES EACH YEAR IN ADVANCE OF THE NOV. 7 CELEBRATION OF THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE 1917 BOLSHEVIK REVOLUTION.

WHILE THE CONGRESS WILL ADOPT A PROGRAM CALLING FOR SOVIET ECONOMIC AND CULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AIMED AT SPREADING COMMUNISM OVER THE WORLD, THE PARTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE NOT ONLY PROPOSED PEACE AND FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN EAST AND WEST BUT EVEN INVITED FRIENDSHIP WITH THE PEOPLE OF A HATED ENEMY, WEST GERMANY.

"LONG LIVE FRIENDSHIP AND COOPERATION BETWEEN THE PEOPLE OF BRITAIN, THE UNITED STATES, FRANCE AND THE SOVIET UNION IN THE INTERESTS OF A STABLE PEACE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD," SAID SLOGAN NO. 38.

SLOGAN NO. 39 ADDED: "ARDENT GREETINGS TO THE WORKING PEOPLE AND ALL PROGRESSIVE FORCES OF THE GERMAN REPUBLIC FIGHTING AGAINST MILITARISM AND REBIRTH OF FASCISM. LET FRIENDSHIP GROW STRONG BETWEEN THE SOVIET AND GERMAN PEOPLES."

THE SLOGANS OCCUPIED THE ENTIRE FIRST PAGE OF PRAVDA, THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY ORGAN AND THE ONLY PAPER PUBLISHED ON MONDAY IN MOSCOW. THE BALANCE OF THE PAPER WAS GIVEN OVER ALMOST ENTIRELY TO FEATURES AND SPECIAL ARTICLES ABOUT THE OPENING OF THE CONGRESS TOMORROW. AMONG THE MAJOR NEWS ITEMS WAS THE ARRIVAL OF THE CHINESE DELEGATION.

IT IS HEADED BY PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI. BUT THE CHINESE PARTY'S NO. ONE MEMBER, MAO TZE-TUNG, STAYED AT HOME.

SO IMPORTANT DID THE RUSSIANS CONSIDER THE CHINESE DELEGATION THAT PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV HIMSELF WENT OUT TO THE AIRPORT TO MEET IT.

IT WAS THE ONLY DELEGATION THAT WAS SHOWN THAT MARK OF FAVOR YESTERDAY.

IT IS THE SECOND SUCCESSIVE CONGRESS THAT HAS BROUGHT CHOU EN-LAI TO MOSCOW INSTEAD OF MAO TZE-TUNG. IN 1956 MAO CONSIDERED HIMSELF AS STALIN'S SUCCESSOR AS THE CHIEF IDEOLOGIST OF THE COMMUNIST MOVEMENT. BUT KHRUSHCHEV CLAIMED THAT TITLE AND ESTABLISHED HIS HOLD ON IT FORMALLY AT THE LAST WORLD CONGRESS OF PARTIES IN MOSCOW LAST NOVEMBER.

THE IDEOLOGICAL SCHISM OF THE SOVIET AND CHINESE PART CON-

TINUES AND APPEARS TO BE REFLECTED IN MAO'S ABSENCE AND THE COOLING OF RELATIONS BETWEEN RUSSIA AND LITTLE ALBANIA, WHICH THESE DAYS IS TAKING ITS PRINCIPAL GUIDANCE FROM CHINA. YUGOSLAVIA SO FAR HAS NOT SENT A DELEGATION TO THE CONGRESS AND THERE IS STRONG SUSPICION THAT IT WILL NOT, ALTHOUGH THERE HAS BEEN NO FORMAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

ALTOGETHER 67 PARTY DELEGATIONS HAD CHECKED IN FROM ABROAD THIS MORNING, RANGING FROM LITTLE PARTIES IN SUCH BIG COUNTRIES AS THE UNITED STATES TO BIG PARTIES FROM SUCH LITTLE COUNTRIES AS NORTH VIET NAM.

THE VIET NAM DELEGATION WAS HEADED BY HO CHI MINH, WHO LED THE SUCCESSFUL REBELLION AGAINST FRANCE AND IS NOW CONSIDERED ONE OF THE ELDER STATESMEN OF THE COMMUNIST MOVEMENT IN SOUTHEAST ASIA.

SOME OF THE DELEGATIONS WERE FROM SUCH SMALL SPOTS AS GUADALUPE

AND THE TINY REUNION ISLANDS DEEP IN THE INDIAN OCEAN.

THE POWERFUL PARTIES OF ITALY AND FRANCE WERE REPRESENTED AS WELL AS THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF WEST GERMANY.

THEY WILL SIT AS OBSERVERS IN THE CONGRESS, WHICH IS CALLED TO ACT ON THE 50,000-WORD PROGRAM CALLING FOR 20 YEARS OF HARD WORK TO BRING THE SOVIET PEOPLE THE COMMUNIST IDEA OF A PARADISE ON EARTH--THE COMMUNIST SYSTEM OF LIFE.

WHILE SOME OF ITS PROPOSALS SMACK OF THE "PIE IN THE SKY" OF WHICH EARLY DAY AMERICAN LABOR LEADERS USED TO SING DERISIVELY, SOME OF ITS INDUSTRIAL PROPOSALS SEEM WITHIN SCOPE OF REALIZATION, INCLUDING ITS VAST ELECTRICAL AND STEEL DEVELOPMENTS.

THROUGH INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT THE SOVIET LEADERS PLAN TO OVERTAKE THE UNITED STATES DURING THE COMING 20 YEARS AND MAKE THEIR SOCIAL SYSTEM SO ATTRACTIVE--THEY HOPE--THAT OTHER COUNTRIES WILL FOLLOW SUIT AND BECOME COMMUNIST. THESE SWEEPING HOPES INCLUDE EVEN THE UNITED STATES, ALTHOUGH NO DATE IS PREDICTED WHEN THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES CAN BE EXPECTED TO SHOW UP AT PARTY CONGRESSES IN THE SOVIET CAPITAL.

AF643AED

A36 (400)

NIGHT LEAD BERLIN

BY GEORGE BOULTWOOD

BERLIN, OCT. 16 (AP)-THE WESTERN ALLIES ARE CONSIDERING A GERMAN DEMAND FOR MORE POWERFUL WEAPONS FOR WEST BERLIN POLICE GUARDING THE TENSE 100 MILES OF BORDER AROUND WEST BERLIN, AUTHORITATIVE SOURCES SAID TONIGHT.

THE SENATOR RESPONSIBLE FOR WEST BERLIN POLICE, JOACHIM LIPSCHITZ, HAS ASKED FOR THE ISSUE OF AMERICAN-MADE AUTOMATIC RIFLES FOR BORDER POLICE AT SPECIALLY DANGEROUS SPOTS, THE INFORMANTS SAID.

THIS FOLLOWED A SERIES OF SERIOUS INCIDENTS IN WHICH EAST GERMAN BORDER POLICE PUMPED BULLETS INTO WESTERN TERRITORY WHEN TRYING TO STOP ESCAPING REFUGEES.

SO FAR THE WEST POLICE HAVE BEEN ARMED ONLY WITH PISTOLS AND TEAR GAS GRENADES. THE RED POLICE HAVE RUSSIAN-MADE SUBMACHINEGUNS, RIFLES, HEAVY MACHINEGUNS MOUNTED ON ARMORED VEHICLES AND TEAR GAS GRENADES.

AN ALLIED SPOKESMAN SAID: "THE MATTER OF POLICE WEAPONS IS CURRENTLY UNDER REVIEW BY ALLIED AUTHORITIES."

POLICE POLICY IS LAID DOWN BY THE THREE OCCUPYING POWERS--THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

THE ALLIES WERE RELIABLY REPORTED BY WESTERN SOURCES TO HAVE RAPPED THE KNUCKLES OF THE POLICE FOR RETURNING FIRE IN A RECENT INCIDENT IN BERNAUERSTRASSE. AN EAST GERMAN POLICEMAN CHASING A REFUGEE ACROSS A ROOF WAS HIT IN THE THIGH BY A WEST PISTOL SHOT.

IN THE MOST SERIOUS INCIDENT TO DATE, WHEN EAST POLICE FIRED ABOUT 250 SHOTS IN AN HOUR INTO THE AMERICAN SECTOR, WEST POLICE DID NOT FIRE BACK. NOR DID A U. S. ARMY PATROL WHICH WAS ON THE SPOT.

THE ALLIES APPEAR TO BE TRYING TO AVOID BORDER GUN DUELS THAT COULD INCREASE TENSION AT A TIME WHEN DIPLOMATS ARE FEELING THEIR WAY TOWARD NEGOTIATIONS ON BERLIN.
HOWEVER, THE THREE GARRISONS HERE KEEP INFANTRY FORMATIONS ON CONSTANT ALERT READY TO RUSH TO THE BORDER IN CASE INCIDENTS GET OUT OF HAND.

THE EAST POLICE PULLED THEIR USUAL TOUGH TACTICS TODAY, HURLING TEAR GAS GRENADES AT A CROWD IN THE WEST AFTER FIVE EAST BERLINERS ESCAPED. IT HAPPENED IN BERNAUERSTRASSE, SCENE OF MANY DRAMATIC ESCAPES.

THE FIVE DEvised A NOVEL WAY OF GETTING OUT. A TRUCK WELL CUSHIONED WITH A LOAD OF SAND DROVE ALONG THE STREET AND SUDDENLY STOPPED ALONGSIDE AN APARTMENT BLOCK. THREE MEN AND TWO WOMEN LEAPED OUT OF A SECOND STORY WINDOW TO THE SAND. THE TWO WOMEN SUFFERED MINOR INJURIES.

THE VOPOS--EAST GERMAN POLICE--WERE TAKEN BY SURPRISE AND TOSSED TEAR GAS AT A CHEERING CROWD OF WEST BERLINERS.

A SPOKESMAN OF THE U. S. COMMAND SAID ALLIED TRAFFIC MOVED NORMALLY TODAY THROUGH FRIEDRICHSTRASSE, THE ONLY CROSSING POINT FOR ALLIES AND FOREIGNERS. YESTERDAY THE VOPOS HELD BACK FOUR AMERICAN ARMY-REGISTERED PRIVATE AUTOMOBILES BECAUSE THEIR OCCUPANTS REFUSED TO SUBMIT TO AN IDENTITY CHECK.

THERE WAS A SECOND TEAR GAS INCIDENT IN BERNAUER STRASSE AFTER DARK. WHEN A WEST BERLIN LOUDSPEAKER VAN APPEARED AND BROADCAST NEWS TO THE EAST THE VOPOS TOSSED SEVERAL TEAR GAS GRENADES OVER THE WALL. WEST POLICE REPORTED MEANWHILE THAT AN EAST BORDER GUARD CLIMBED OVER THE WALL OPPOSITE THE FRENCH SECTOR BOROUGH OF WEDDING AND MADE HIS ESCAPE ACCOMPANIED BY A 20-YEAR-OLD GIRL.
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A41WX

(430) AMS BUDGET
NIGHT LEAD BERLIN
BY LEWIS GULICK

WASHINGTON, OCT. 16 (AP)--PLANS FOR WESTERN TALKS TO DEVELOP A COMMON NEGOTIATING POSITION ON BERLIN PROCEEDED IN SOME DISARRAY TODAY WITH THE OUTCOME IN DOUBT.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID THE TALKS WILL BE HELD IN WASHINGTON AND THAT LLEWELLYN THOMPSON, U.S. AMBASSADOR TO RUSSIA, WILL DELAY HIS RETURN TO MOSCOW IN ORDER TO SIT IN.

THOMPSON, WHO HAS BEEN HERE A WEEK FOR CONSULTATIONS, WAS ORIGINALLY SCHEDULED TO RETURN TO THE SOVIET CAPITAL IN TIE TO HEAR PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV'S POLICY SPEECH AT THE COMMUNIST PARTY CONGRESS, OPENING TOMORROW.

PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE ANNOUNCED THAT THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE AND WEST GERMANY HAVE "DECIDED TO CONTINUE THE WESTERN CONSULTATIONS ON BERLIN" THAT HAVE BEEN HELD REGULARLY AT THE AMBASSADORIAL LEVEL HERE, "WITH SUCH AUGMENTATION OF THE AMBASSADORIAL GROUP AS IS DEEMED DESIRABLE BY EACH FOREIGN OFFICE."

THIS IS THE REPLACEMENT FOR A PROPOSED HIGH-LEVEL PARLEY IN LONDON THIS WEEK WHICH WAS CALLED OFF BECAUSE OF FRENCH OBJECTIONS.

THE FRENCH SAID IT WAS PREMATURE TO WORK OUT A NEGOTIATING STAND WHEN THE KREMLIN HAS OFFERED NOTHING THE WEST CAN NEGOTIATE ON.

IN LONDON THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE ANNOUNCED THAT DEPUTY UNDER SECRETARY SIR EVELYN SHUCKBURGH WILL COME TO WASHINGTON IN A FEW DAYS TO JOIN THE TALKS.

U.S. OFFICIALS AWAITED WORD FROM BONN ON WHETHER THE WEST GERMAN DELEGATE WHO HAD BEEN TAPPED TO GO TO LONDON, DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER KARL CARSTENS, WILL COME TO WASHINGTON. IT WAS ASSUMED THE FRENCH COUNTERPART, JEAN LALOIS, DIRECTOR OF EUROPEAN AFFAIRS IN THE FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTRY, WILL STAY AWAY.

THE AMERICANS AND THE BRITISH FEEL IT IS INCREASINGLY URGENT TO ROUND

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OUT THE COMMON NEGOTIATING POSITION TO BE TAKEN BY THE ALLIES IN EVENT OF AN EAST-WEST CONFERENCE OVER BERLIN.

THEY FEEL THE CRISIS IS TOO DANGEROUS TO ABANDON A SEARCH FOR A POSSIBLE NEGOTIATED SETTLEMENT WITH THE REDS.
THE FRENCH HOLD THAT ANXIOUSNESS TO NEGOTIATE WOULD BE REGARDED BY MOSCOW AS WESTERN WEAKNESS.
3

SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN RUSK WANTS A COMMON ALLIED POSITION ON A NUMBER OF POSSIBLE NEGOTIATING ISSUES ON THE GERMAN QUESTION, BOTH IN PREPARATION FOR ANY EAST-WEST CONFERENCE AND TO HELP IN PRE-CONFERENCE EXPLORATORY TALKS WITH THE SOVIETS.

THOMPSON'S ATTENDANCE AT THE WASHINGTON TALKS CAN PREPARE HIM MORE THOROUGHLY FOR FURTHER SOUNDING OUT OF THE SOVIET POSITION WHEN HE GETS TO MOSCOW. WHITE SAID THOMPSON IS STILL EXPECTED TO CONTINUE IN RUSSIA THE EXPLORATORY U.S.-SOVIET CONVERSATIONS STARTED LAST MONTH BETWEEN RUSK AND SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI GROMYKO.

MEANWHILE WESTERN POLICYMAKERS AWAITED WITH INTEREST ANY SIGNS OF A SHIFT IN THE KREMLIN'S BERLIN STAND THAT MIGHT APPEAR IN KHRUSHCHEV'S SPEECH TOMORROW.

JA411PED

A127

(370)

WITH WASHINGTON BERLIN (A5)

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

LONDON, OCT. 16 (AP)--BRITAIN ACTED TODAY TO SPEED MOVES FOR A NEGOTIATED SETTLEMENT OF THE BERLIN CRISIS DESPITE FRANCE'S INSISTENCE ON A SLOWDOWN.

JOHN RUSSELL, CHIEF FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN, ANNOUNCED BRITAIN'S TOP EXPERT ON GERMAN AFFAIRS, SIR EVELYN SHUCKBURGH, PROBABLY WILL JOIN HIS AMERICAN, FRENCH AND WEST GERMAN OPPOSITE NUMBERS IN WASHINGTON SOON FOR POLICY-MAKING TALKS.

THE DATE FOR THIS MEETING HAS YET TO BE SET, RUSSELL TOLD NEWSMEN. HE SAID IT WOULD REPLACE THE FOUR-POWER WESTERN MEETING TENTATIVELY SET FOR LONDON THURSDAY BUT WHICH THE FRENCH BLOCKED.

"THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT WANTED MORE TIME FOR THOUGHT," RUSSELL TOLD REPORTERS SEEKING THE REASONS FOR THE CANCELLATION.

BRITISH SOURCES REPORTED SHUCKBURGH WILL FLY TO WASHINGTON IN A FEW DAYS. THEY SAID THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT ALREADY IS PRESSING BEHIND THE SCENES FOR A SWIFT START OF THE TALKS.

THE DISPLAY OF ALLIED DIFFERENCES THIS WEEKEND OVER HANDLING THE BERLIN CRISIS CENTERED ON THE RELATIVELY MINOR MATTER OF TIMING A MEETING OF WESTERN EXPERTS, THEY SAID.

BUT THE DEVELOPMENT CONCEALED A DEEPER POLICY RIFT BETWEEN FRANCE AND TO A LESSER DEGREE WEST GERMANY ON THE ONE HAND AND THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN ON THE OTHER HAND.

RUSSELL DECLINED TO DEFINE THE PRECISE PURPOSE OF THE MEETING THAT HAD BEEN PLANNED IN LONDON.

OTHER INFORMANTS SAID THE AIM WAS TO BEGIN PREPARING A WESTERN NEGOTIATING POSITION FOR SUBMISSION TO THE SOVIET UNION IN ANY CONFERENCE THAT MAY BE ARRANGED. ONE OF THE ISSUES TO HAVE BEEN CONSIDERED, ACCORDING TO REPORTS HERE, WAS THE POSSIBILITY OF AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT MEETING ON THE SUBJECT OF BERLIN AND GERMANY.

PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE APPARENTLY OVERRULED THE TENTATIVE APPROVAL WHICH HIS ADVISERS HAD GIVEN THE ARRANGEMENT.

DE GAULLE ARGUES THE BERLIN CRISIS WAS CREATED BY THE SOVIET UNION. HIS VIEW IS THAT FRANCE CANNOT NEGOTIATE UNDER MENACE. THAT

THE RUSSIANS MUST EASE THEIR MANUFACTURED TROUBLE IN THE CITY AND THAT NEGOTIATIONS SHOULD BE HELD ONLY WHEN THE WESTERN ALLIES KNOW FOR SURE WHAT THEY WANT TO NEGOTIATE AND WHEN THERE IS A REASONABLE CHANCE OF SUCCESS.

TO THE EXTENT THE WEST GERMANS FEEL THEY WOULD HAVE TO MAKE THE MOST CONCESSIONS IN ANY COMPROMISE WITH RUSSIA, THEY ARE BACKING DE GAULLE'S STAND, INFORMANTS REPORTED.

BRITAIN'S FOREIGN SECRETARY, LORD HOME, TODAY DISCUSSED THE AFFAIR FIRST WITH FRENCH AMBASSADOR JEAN CHAUVEL AND THEN WITH U.S. AMBASSADOR DAVID K. BRUCE.

K1147AED

A44

(220)

BY CARL FLICK-STEGE

BONN, GERMANY, OCT. 16 (AP)—CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER TODAY ISSUED NEW INSTRUCTIONS ON THE BERLIN AND GERMAN PROBLEMS TO HIS AMBASSADOR IN WASHINGTON, DR. WILHELM GREWE, GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS SAID. DETAILS WERE NOT DISCLOSED.

THE OFFICIALS SAID THE INSTRUCTIONS REPRESENT A MORE PRECISE DEFINITION OF THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT'S ATTITUDE TOWARD THE TWO PROBLEMS AND LEAVE ONLY A NARROW MARGIN FOR NEGOTIATIONS.

GREWE ARRIVED IN BONN LAST THURSDAY. HE HAS SEEN ADENAUER TWICE. THE WEST GERMAN AMBASSADORS IN PARIS AND LONDON, HERBERT BLANKENHORN AND HASO VON ETZDORF, ALSO ARE CARRYING ON CONSULTATIONS IN THE FOREIGN OFFICE. BLANKENHORN HAD A SHORT INTERVIEW WITH ADENAUER.

OFFICIALS INSISTED, HOWEVER, THAT THE PARIS AND LONDON AMBASSADORS WERE IN BONN FOR REASONS UNCONNECTED WITH GREWE'S VISIT.

OFFICIALS SAID THE NEW, REVAMPED BONN APPROACH TO THE BERLIN PROBLEM AND THE GERMAN QUESTION WILL BE CONVEYED TO PARLIAMENT'S FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE FOR ITS APPROVAL BEFORE GREWE FLIES BACK TO WASHINGTON WEDNESDAY.

MEANWHILE, DISAPPOINTMENT OVER THE CALLING OFF OF THE PLANNED CONFERENCE IN LONDON THIS WEEK OF GERMAN AFFAIRS EXPERTS OF THE FOUR WESTERN POWERS WAS EVIDENT IN BONN.

THE PROFESSED AIM OF THE CONFERENCE WAS TO PREPARE A NEGOTIATING POSITION AMONG THE FOUR WESTERN POWERS FOR SUBMISSION TO THE SOVIET UNION IN ANY FUTURE CONFERENCE. FRANCE BALKED AT THE MEETING. PARIS FEELS THE RUSSIANS CREATED THE BERLIN CRISIS AND SHOULD TAKE MEASURES TO EASE IT BEFORE THE WEST ENTERS NEGOTIATIONS.

TALKS ON THE AMBASSADORIAL LEVEL NOW WILL CONTINUE IN WASHINGTON. A BONN FOREIGN MINISTRY SPOKESMAN TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE THAT TIME, PLACE AND THE LEVEL OF TALKS WAS NOT OF PARAMOUNT IMPORTANCE.

"MORE IMPORTANT TO US IS THAT THE MEETING TAKES PLACE QUICKLY SO THAT WE CAN PRESENT THE GERMAN STANDPOINT TO THE BERLIN AND GERMAN PROBLEMS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE," HE ADDED.

THE FOREIGN MINISTRY SAID NO DECISION HAS BEEN MADE ON WHO WILL BE SENT TO THE WASHINGTON TALKS.

DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER KARL CARSTENS HAD BEEN SCHEDULED TO ATTEND THE LONDON CONFERENCE.

BRITAIN IS SENDING DEPUTY FOREIGN UNDERSECRETARY SIR EVELYN SHUCKBRUGH, WHO WAS TO HAVE ATTENDED THE LONDON TALKS, AND IT WAS THOUGHT WEST GERMANY MIGHT FOLLOW THE PATTERN AND SEND CARSTENS.

KS748PED

A120

220

HELMSTEDT, GERMANY, OCT. 16 (AP)—WEST GERMANY BORDER OFFICIALS ESTIMATED TODAY 250,000 EASTERN TROOPS WILL TAKE PART TOMORROW IN THE KEY PHASE OF A HUGE WARSAW PACT MANEUVER IN EAST GERMANY.

THE MILITARY EXERCISE, INVOLVING SOLDIERS OF THE RUSSIAN ARMY, EAST GERMANY, POLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA, IS SAID TO BE THE LARGEST EVER HELD IN EAST GERMANY.

"BUT," SAID A WEST GERMAN OFFICIAL, "WE HAVE ENOUGH INFORMATION TO ENABLE US TO DETERMINE THE MANEUVERS ARE NO CAUSE FOR ALARM IN

THE WEST."

THE MANEUVERS, WHICH BEGAN LAST WEEK AND ARE EXPECTED TO CONTINUE ANOTHER 10 DAYS, ARE SEEN BY WEST GERMAN INTELLIGENCE PEOPLE AS A TEST OF THE ABILITY OF THE RUSSIAN AND EAST EUROPE COMMUNIST FORCES TO OPERATE TOGETHER.

THE JOINT STAGE OF THE MANEUVERS TOMORROW FOLLOWS FIELD EXERCISES BY INDIVIDUAL UNITS, BORDER EXPERTS SAID.

MOVEMENT OF CZECHOSLOVAK AND POLISH TROOPS INTO EAST GERMANY TO TAKE UP MANEUVER POSITIONS WAS NOTED EARLIER.

WEST GERMAN BORDER OFFICIALS HERE DISCOUNTED SOME REPORTS THAT UP TO 700,000 COMMUNIST TROOPS WERE CONCENTRATED IN EAST GERMANY.

INTELLIGENCE SOURCES SAID IT IS POSSIBLE ABOUT 20 DIVISIONS ARE TAKING PART, MOST OF THEM BELONGING TO THE SOVIET ARMY STATIONED IN EAST GERMANY. THE SOVIET FORCES PARTICIPATING ARE REPORTED FOR THE FIRST TIME TO BE EQUIPPED WITH TACTICAL ROCKETS AND MISSILES CAPABLE OF CARRYING NUCLEAR WARHEADS.

THE WARSAW PACT EXERCISE IS UNDER THE COMMAND OF MARSHAL IVAN KONEV, COMMANDER OF THE SOVIET FORCES IN EAST GERMANY, WESTERN SOURCES REPORTED.

B/K1120AED

A96(250)

BY PATRICK MCNULTY

PARIS, OCT. 16 (AP)—SEVEN HUNDRED TROOPS OF THE U.S. 8TH INFANTRY DIVISION WILL BE BROUGHT TO NORMANDY FROM WEST GERMANY NEXT WEEK FOR FILMING OF A MOTION PICTURE.

IN ANSWER TO A NEWSMAN'S QUESTIONS, A SPOKESMAN FOR THE U.S. EUROPEAN COMMAND SAID TODAY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE APPROVED A REQUEST FOR THE TROOPS FROM PRODUCER DARRYL ZANUCK. THE SPOKESMAN SAID THE APPROVAL WAS QUITE PROPER BECAUSE THE TROOPS WILL BE CONSIDERED ON A TRAINING EXERCISE INVOLVING A MOVE FROM WEST GERMANY BY VEHICLES AND AN AMPHIBIOUS ASSAULT ON THE SAME NORMANDY CLIFFS WHERE THE ALLIED INVADERS STORMED ASHORE JUNE 6, 1944.

THE SPOKESMAN SAID SUPPLYING OF TROOPS FOR MOTION PICTURES IS A COMMON PROCEDURE WHEN THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT FEELS THE U.S. ARMED SERVICES WILL BENEFIT FROM THE PUBLICITY.

THE SPOKESMAN ADDED THAT THE BERLIN CRISIS WAS TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN MOVING THE TROOPS FROM THEIR GERMAN BASE NEAR FRANKFURT. HE SAID THAT MANY UNITS ARE TRAINING AWAY FROM THEIR BASES IN GERMANY TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF DIFFERENT TERRAIN AND BATTLE CONDITIONS.

THE 8TH INFANTRY DIVISION IS A RESERVE DIVISION AND IN THE EVENT OF A SHOOTING WAR MIGHT BE CALLED UPON TO MAKE JUST THE TYPE OF AMPHIBIOUS ASSAULT THAT IT WILL PRACTICE ON THE NORMANDY CLIFFS, THE SPOKESMAN ASSERTED.

THE TROOPS WILL BE AT NORMANDY OCT. 23-NOV. 9.

RECENTLY THE MOVIE COMPANY ALSO WAS SUPPLIED ABOUT 150 U.S. ARMY RANGERS FOR SCENES DEPICTING THE BLOODY ASSAULT OF THE THEN NAZI-HELD NORMANDY CLIFFS.

AT THAT TIME THERE WAS SOME CRITICISM IN CONGRESS OF SUCH USE OF TROOPS, TO WHICH THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT REPLIED THAT IT CONCURRED IN THE PROPOSAL BY GEN. LAURIS NORSTAD, SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER/EUROPE, FOR "MILITARY COOPERATION WITH GEN. NORSTAD'S FRIEND, DARRYL ZANUCK."

ZANUCK'S MOVIE IS CALLED "THE LONGEST DAY." IT IS BASED ON A BEST SELLER GIVING THE STORY OF THE NORMANDY INVASION.

B933AED

A117

(320)

ADVANCE FOR 10 P.M. EST

(ADVANCE) MONTREAL, OCT. 16 (AP)—ROBERT MURPHY, FORMER U.S. UNDERSECRETARY OF STATE FOR POLITICAL AFFAIRS, SAID TONIGHT THE UNITED STATES HAS BEEN TOO READY IN THE PAST TO ASSURE THE SOVIET UNION IT WOULD NEVER STRIKE FIRST.

"THERE SEEMS NO ALTERNATIVE TO THE POLICY OF MY GOVERNMENT TO IMPROVE ITS NATIONAL SECURITY BY AN INCREASE IN ITS POWER," MURPHY SAID.

BUT, HE ADDED, "THERE IS A GROWING FEELING THAT THE MERE POSSESSION OF POWER IS NOT ADEQUATE IF THE OPPONENT IS JUSTIFIED IN BELIEVING THE POWER WILL NEVER BE USED. WE HAVE REPEATED TOO OFTEN ASSERTIONS THAT WE WOULD NEVER STRIKE FIRST."

MURPHY, A CAREER DIPLOMAT UNTIL HE STEPPED OUT LAST YEAR TO BECOME PRESIDENT OF CORNING GLASS INTERNATIONAL, SAID AMERICANS "NATURALLY ABHOR RESORT TO FEAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF POLICY."

BUT, HE SAID, "THE AMERICAN ABSTENTION FROM THE USE OF FEAR IS NOT ALWAYS APPRECIATED IN THE SOVIET UNION NOR ARE WE GIVEN CREDIT FOR OUR PEACEFUL DESIRES."

HE SPOKE TO THE ANNUAL AWARD BANQUET OF THE CANADIAN COUNCIL OF CHRISTIANS AND JEWS.

MURPHY SAID THE WEST IS FACED "WITH A CONTINUING SITUATION OF PROBE AND THRUST" BY THE COMMUNIST BLOC AND EVEN "THE MOST FACILE AND ARTICULATE NEGOTIATORS" WILL BE UNABLE TO DETER THE COMMUNISTS FROM THIS BASIC POLICY.

MANY AMERICANS ARE TEMPTED TO VIEW EACH CRISIS ON THE INTERNATIONAL SCENE AS AN ISOLATED PROBLEM, INSTEAD OF SEEING EACH AS PART OF AN OVER-ALL COMMUNIST TECHNIQUE OF TESTING THE WEST, HE SAID.

HOWEVER, MURPHY SAID, THE UNITED STATES HAS ABANDONED THE NOTION THAT "A PACKAGE DEAL WITH THE SOVIET UNION" WOULD BE POSSIBLE IF ONLY ITS NEGOTIATORS WERE ABLE TO FIND "THE PAT FORMULA."

"I THINK THAT IS PERHAPS ALSO TRUE OF LONDON, WHERE THERE SEEMED AN EMOTIONALISM THAT THERE WAS A CERTAIN MAGIC IN TALKING TO THE RUSSIANS," MURPHY SAID.

HE CALLED THE BERLIN SITUATION "A CRISIS TO TEST THE WILL AND DETERMINATION OF THE WEST TO USE ITS POWER TO MAINTAIN A POSITION WHICH HAS BECOME A POLITICAL SYMBOL..."

THERE IS NO ILLUSION IN THE UNITED STATES THAT BERLIN WAS A SITUATION WHERE CONCESSIONS WOULD LEAD TO A SOLUTION, HE SAID.

ALTHOUGH THE WEST HAS TAKEN NO ACTION TO REMOVE THE WALL DIVIDING THE CITY, HE ADDED, "AT LEAST THERE IS A SOLID DETERMINATION TO MAINTAIN THE WESTERN POSITION IN AND THE RIGHT OF ACCESS TO BERLIN. WE CANNOT AFFORD TO DO LESS."

KS911PED

A133 (200)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 16 (AP)-FIVE COUNTRIES PROPOSED IN A RESOLUTION MADE PUBLIC TODAY THAT THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY SET UP AN INTERNATIONAL INVESTIGATION OF THE CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING THE DEATH OF DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

THE U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL AND 15 OTHER PERSONS WERE KILLED IN A PLANE CRASH SEPT. 18 IN NORTHERN RHODESIA.

GHANA, INDIA, NEPAL, THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC AND VENEZUELA SUBMITTED THE PROPOSAL SEEKING TO HAVE THE ASSEMBLY APPOINT A "COMMISSION OF FIVE EMINENT PERSONS" TO CONDUCT THE INVESTIGATION AND REPORT BACK.

THE RESOLUTION SAID THAT "UNDESIRABLE SPECULATION" WAS NOT GOING ON ABOUT THE CRASH AND AN INVESTIGATION WAS NEEDED TO CLEAR UP THESE POINTS:

1. WHY THE FLIGHT HAD TO BE MADE AT NIGHT WITHOUT ESCORT.
2. WHY ITS ARRIVAL AT NDOLA, NORTHERN RHODESIA, WAS UNDULY DELAYED.

3. WHETHER THE PLANE FIRST MADE AND THEN LOST CONTACT WITH THE NDOLA CONTROL TOWER, AND IF SO, WHY THE CRASH DID NOT BECOME KNOWN UNTIL SEVERAL HOURS AFTERWARDS.

4. WHETHER THE PLANE WAS IN A PROPER CONDITION FOR USE, SEEING THAT IT EARLIER HAD BEEN DAMAGED BY "FIRING BY AIRCRAFT HOSTILE TO THE UNITED NATIONS."

HAMMARSKJOLD WAS FLYING TO NDOLA FOR A CEASE-FIRE CONFERENCE WITH PRESIDENT MOISE TSHOMBE OF THE CONGO'S SECESSIONIST KATANGA PROVINCE WHEN THE CRASH OCCURRED.

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THE RESOLUTION ALSO WOULD HAVE THE ASSEMBLY DECIDE THAT CONSIDERATION SHOULD BE GIVEN TO PAYING "SUITABLE REMUNERATION TO THE FAMILIES OF THE VICTIMS" OF THE CRASH.
KS1012PED

ET

A153WX

(360) SECRETARY GENERAL
WASHINGTON, OCT. 16 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES IS BECOMING RESTIVE OVER THE DELAY IN SELECTION OF AN ACTING SECRETARY GENERAL FOR THE UNITED NATIONS AND BELIEVES MOST OF THE NON-COMMUNIST U.N. MEMBERS ARE TOO, U.S. OFFICIALS SAID TONIGHT.

IF AGREEMENT WITH THE SOVIETS IS NOT FORTHCOMING SOON, WITHIN THE NEXT FEW DAYS, THEN A MOVE WILL BE MADE TO HAVE THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY NAME A SECRETARY GENERAL, OFFICIALS SAID.

THEY EXPRESSED CONFIDENCE THERE WOULD BE ENOUGH GENERAL ASSEMBLY VOTES TO PUT THROUGH A SUCCESSOR TO THE LATE DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA ARE TENTATIVELY AGREED ON U THANT OF BURMA, PROVIDED THERE IS AGREEMENT ON THE SECRETARY GENERAL'S ROLE.

BUT THERE CAN BE NO SELECTION OF A MAN UNTIL THE NATURE OF THE JOB IS DETERMINED. IF THE QUESTION IS SWUNG TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY, IT WAS INDICATED U THANT PROBABLY WILL NOT RUN.

SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VALERIAN A. ZORIN AND U.S. AMBASSADOR ADLAI E. STEVENSON ARE EXPECTED TO MEET AGAIN SOON IN AN EFFORT TO BREAK THE DEADLOCK OVER THE APPOINTMENT.

THE UNITED STATES-SOVIET NEGOTIATIONS HAVE NOW CENTERED ON THESE POINTS: 1. WHETHER U.N. STAFF LEADERSHIP SHOULD BE RECRUITED ON GEOGRAPHIC (U.S. PREFERRED) OR POLITICAL (SOVIET PREFERRED); 2. WHETHER U.N. OFFICIALS REPRESENT THEIR COUNTRY OR ARE INTERNATIONAL; 3. WHETHER THE SECURITY COUNCIL SHOULD MIX IN THE SELECTION OF THE SECRETARY GENERAL'S STAFF OR WHETHER THE SECRETARY GENERAL SHOULD PICK HIS OWN, LOYAL TO HIM.

ZORIN HAS DEMANDED THAT BEFORE THE SECURITY COUNCIL RECOMMENDS ANY MAN FOR ACTING SECRETARY GENERAL, THE CANDIDATE SHOULD STATE HIS INTENTIONS TO NAME PRINCIPAL ADVISERS, CONSULT THEM AND TRY TO SOLVE PROBLEMS "IN AGREEMENT WITH THEM" OR "ON A BASIS OF MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING."

THE UNITED STATES THINKS HE SHOULD COMMIT HIMSELF TO NOTHING MORE THAN A PLEDGE TO CONSULT HIS DEPUTIES "IN A SPIRIT OF MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING." THE UNITED STATES ALSO INSISTS THAT THE STATEMENT SHOULD NOT BE MADE UNTIL AFTER THE ACTING SECRETARY GENERAL HAS BEEN APPROVED IN BOTH THE SECURITY COUNCIL AND THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

WESTERN SOURCES SAID THE UNITED STATES FEARS THAT IF THE RUSSIANS WIN A PLEDGE IN ADVANCE FROM THE INTERIM SECRETARY GENERAL, THEY CAN MORE EASILY WIN EVEN MORE FROM THE NEXT REGULAR SECRETARY GENERAL WHO IS SCHEDULED TO BE NAMED AT THE 1962 ASSEMBLY SESSION.

PE1130PED

A140

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS
PERSONALITY IN THE NEWS: U THANT (570)
BY TOM HOGE

(ADVANCE)--UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT 16 (AP)-THE MAN LIKELY TO BE NAMED INTERIM SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE UNITED NATIONS IS A BELIEVER IN BUDDHISM, WHICH COUNSELS PEACE AND PATIENCE.

PERFORMANCE HAS ALSO SHOWN BURMA'S AMBASSADOR U THANT, A MAN OF ACTION OPPOSING ANY ATTEMPT TO WEAKEN THE UNITED NATIONS

AUTHORITY. HE MADE THAT CLEAR LONG BEFORE HE WAS CONSIDERED FOR THE TOP SPOT.

WHEN SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV MADE HIS DEMANDS LAST YEAR TO REPLACE DAG HAMMARSKJOLD WITH A THREE-HEADED TROIKA, U THANT TOLD THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HE WAS AGAINST ANY SCHEME THAT WOULD MODIFY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL'S POWERS.

"ANY SUCH COURSE IS NOT ONLY BOUND TO RETARD THE EFFICIENCY OF THE UNITED NATIONS OPERATIONS, BUT IS SURE TO WEAKEN THE ORGANIZATION ITSELF," HE DECLARED.

SHAVE, GREGARIOUS, 52-YEAR-OLD U THANT HAS MADE A NAME AS ONE OF THE U.N.'S MOST POLISHED ORATORS. HE IS ALSO KNOWN AS A SHREWD, TIRELESS BARGAINER IN THE BEHIND-SCENES NEGOTIATIONS THAT MAKE MOST ASSEMBLY DECISIONS POSSIBLE.

BURMA, SITUATED ON RED CHINA'S DOORSTEP AND SUBJECT TO PRESSURES FROM PEIPING, IS CONSIDERED A MIDDLE-ROAD MEMBER THAT HAS TO PLAY A CAUTIOUS ROLE IN EAST-WEST ISSUES FOR FEAR OF OFFENDING HER COMMUNIST NEIGHBORS.

BUT U THANT HAS STRESSED IN HIS SPEECHES THAT A NEUTRAL WHO TRULY SERVES THE U.N. MUST BE AN ACTIVE NEUTRAL.

"PEACE CANNOT BE ACHIEVED THROUGH PASSIVE NEUTRALISM WHICH WOULD MEAN A WITHDRAWAL FROM THE BATTLE FOR PEACE," HE TOLD THE ASSEMBLY LAST YEAR.

AS A PRACTICING NEUTRAL, U THANT HAS SOUGHT TO MAINTAIN FRIENDLY RELATIONS WITH BOTH THE COMMUNIST AND WESTERN POWERS. BUT HE HAD SHOWN AN APPRAISING ATTITUDE TOWARD THE MOTIVES OF EACH SIDE:

"MODERN DIPLOMACY IS IN MOST CASES A SERIES OF CONDITIONED REFLEXES."

"WHAT EVER PROPOSALS COME FROM MOSCOW OR PEIPING ARE SURE TO BE DENOUNCED BY THE WEST AS PROPAGANDA. WHENEVER THE WEST COMES UP WITH A REALLY WORTHWHILE PROPOSAL, IT OFTEN GETS THE SAME TREATMENT FROM ITS ANTAGONISTS."

A GRADUATE OF RANGOON UNIVERSITY, U THANT--THE U IS AN HONORARY BURMESE TERM MEANING "UNCLE"--BEGAN HIS CAREER AS A SCHOOLTEACHER BUT SOON PLUNGED INTO PUBLIC LIFE.

FOLLOWING WORLD WAR II, HE SERVED AS A PUBLIC RELATIONS COUNSEL FOR THE ANTI-FASCIST PEOPLE'S FREEDOM LEAGUE, BURMA'S MAIN POLITICAL PARTY. IN 1947, HE BECAME THE PRESS DIRECTOR IN THE BURMESE GOVERNMENT.

LATER HE BECAME SECRETARY OF THE INFORMATION MINISTRY AND IN 1952 WAS NAMED TO BURMA'S U.N. DELEGATION. HE TOOK OVER AS CHIEF DELEGATE IN 1957.

MARRIED WITH A SON AND DAUGHTER, U THANT MAINTAINS A SPACIOUS APARTMENT ON NEW YORK'S FASHIONABLE UPPER EAST SIDE. AT U.N. COCKTAIL PARTIES HE IS USUALLY SEEN PUFFING ON A BLACK BURMESE CHEROOT WHILE HE SIPPS A FRIENDLY DRINK WITH FELLOW DIPLOMATS.

HIS ENGLISH IS FLAWLESS AND HE HAS MANY FRIENDS AMONG THE BRITISH WHO FORMERLY RULED HIS LAND.

U THANT IS AN AVID READER AND HAS WRITTEN A NUMBER OF BOOKS, INCLUDING A WORK ON THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

HIS CONCEPTION OF THE UNITED NATIONS IS PERHAPS BEST SUMMED UP IN A SPEECH HE MADE TO THE ASSEMBLY LAST YEAR:

"THE WORLD HAS NEVER SO DESPERATELY NEEDED AN ORGANIZATION WHOSE EXISTENCE EXPRESSES NOT A UTOPIAN FANTASY BUT THE BIGGEST REALITY OF ALL."

END ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS--MOVED OCT 14
K RQ 1014AED

A109 (230)

U.N.-CHINA
UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 16 (AP)--THE UNITED STATES DECLARED TODAY IT HAS FOUND WIDESPREAD SYMPATHY AMONG U.N. DELEGATIONS FOR THE IDEA THAT A COMMITTEE SHOULD STUDY THE QUESTION OF CHINESE REPRESENTATION IN THE UNITED NATIONS.

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE U.S. DELEGATION MADE THE STATEMENT IN

DESCRIBING AS INACCURATE A REPORT IN THE NEW YORK TIMES SAYING THAT THE UNITED STATES HAD BEEN UNABLE TO FIND ANY U.N. MEMBER WILLING TO SPONSOR A FORMAL RESOLUTION ASKING THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY TO CREATE SUCH A COMMITTEE.

THE COMMITTEE WOULD REPORT BACK NEXT YEAR ON ITS FINDINGS--THUS DELAYING FOR A YEAR ANY ASSEMBLY ACTION ON SEATING COMMUNIST CHINA.

THE U.S. SPOKESMAN SAID:

"THERE IS WIDESPREAD SYMPATHY FOR THE IDEA OF A SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO STUDY THIS PROBLEM. WE HAVE CONSULTED WITH DELEGATIONS.

"WE HAVE NOT YET CONSULTED WITH ANYONE ON SPONSORING A RESOLUTION."

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE BRITISH DELEGATION SAID HIS COUNTRY HAS NOT BEEN ASKED TO INTRODUCE ANY PROPOSAL FOR A STUDY COMMITTEE AND HAS NEVER CONSIDERED DOING SO. THIS STATEMENT WAS ISSUED IN DENYING A PUBLISHED STATEMENT THAT IT HAS DEVELOPED THAT BRITAIN IS NOT WILLING TO INTRODUCE THE PROPOSAL.

ELEVEN AFRICAN NATIONS BELONGING TO THE BRAZZAVILLE GROUP ASKED FOR A MEETING OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL ON THE APPLICATION OF MAURITANIA FOR U.N. MEMBERSHIP. THIS BEARS ON THE RED CHINA REPRESENTATION ISSUED. THE SOVIET UNION HAS THREATENED TO VETO MAURITANIA UNLESS THE APPLICATION OF OUTER MONGOLIA IS APPROVED.

NATIONALIST CHINA IS UNDER PRESSURE FROM THE BRAZZAVILLE GROUP NOT TO VETO OUTER MONGOLIA, AS IT DID IN 1955. THE BRAZZAVILLE GROUP HAS THREATENED TO VOTE FOR SEATING RED CHINA IF THE NEW AFRICAN REPUBLIC OF MAURITANIA IS KEPT OUT OF THE UNITED NATIONS BY VETO. A COUNCIL MEETING IS LIKELY THIS WEEK.

KS834PED

NIGHT LEAD U.N. (ROUNDUP) (350) 293
BY MILTON BESSER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 16 (AP)--INDIA PROPOSED TODAY THAT THE UNITED NATIONS CALL FOR AN END TO ALL NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS PENDING AGREEMENT EITHER ON A TEST BAN TREATY OR GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT.

IT SUBMITTED A RESOLUTION INTENDED AS A COMPROMISE BETWEEN POSITIONS TAKEN BY THE SOVIET UNION, WHICH HAS RESUMED TESTS IN THE ATMOSPHERE, AND THE UNITED STATES, WHICH HAS RESUMED TESTS UNDERGROUND.

THE SOVIET UNION WANTS THE TEST BAN ISSUE SETTLED IN A COMPREHENSIVE DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT, WHILE THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN WANT A TEST BAN TREATY WITH EFFECTIVE CONTROL MACHINERY.

THE INDIAN RESOLUTION WAS SUBMITTED AS DEFENSE MINISTER V.K. KRISHA MENON, JUST OUT OF THE HOSPITAL FOR REMOVAL OF A BLOOD CLOT IN THE HEAD, ASKED THE ASSEMBLY'S MAIN POLITICAL COMMITTEE TO GIVE PRIORITY TO DEBATE ON A VOLUNTARY MORATORIUM ON TESTS.

U.S. DELEGATE ARTHUR DEAN ASKED THE COMMITTEE TO TAKE UP SIMULTANEOUSLY THE INDIAN PROPOSAL AND THE U.S.-BRITISH ITEM ON THE URGENT NEED FOR A TREATY TO BAN NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS UNDER EFFECTIVE CONTROLS. THE SOVIET UNION WANTS THE DISCUSSION MERGED INTO AN OVER-ALL DISARMAMENT DEBATE.

THE COMMITTEE ADJOURNED ITS AFTERNOON SESSION UNTIL 3 P.M. EDT TOMORROW WITHOUT TAKING ANY DECISION.

MENON TOLD THE COMMITTEE BOTH EAST AND WEST ARE PLAYING "THE GAMESMANSHIP OF DISARMAMENT" BY OFFERING PROPOSALS "THAT HAVE WIDE POPULAR APPEAL BUT ARE UNACCEPTABLE TO EITHER SIDE."

THE INDIAN RESOLUTION WOULD HAVE THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY EXPRESS "DEEP CONCERN AND PROFOUND REGRET" THAT TEST EXPLOSIONS HAVE BEEN RESUMED, AND URGE NATIONS CONDUCTING TESTS TO REFRAIN "PENDING THE CONCLUSION OF THE NECESSARY AGREEMENTS IN REGARD TO TESTS, OR GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT."

CONCERN OVER POSSIBLE DANGERS TO HEALTH FROM RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT DUE TO RESUMPTION OF TESTS WAS VOICED BY CANADA IN THE ASSEMBLY'S SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE.

PAUL TREMBLAY, THE CANADIAN DELEGATE, SAID SCIENTISTS IN

HIS COUNTRY HAVE MEASURED A SHARP INCREASE IN RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT IN THE PAST MONTH. HE SPOKE IN FAVOR OF A RESOLUTION URGING A SPEEDUP IN REPORTS ON RADIOACTIVITY FROM THE U.N. SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE ON ATOMIC RADIATION, AND BY THE WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION, A U.N. SPECIALIZED AGENCY.
KS735PED

A43WX

(330) ATLANTIC SUBS

WASHINGTON, OCT. 16 (AP)-THE U.S. NAVY IS SENDING A SEVEN-SHIP ANTI-SUBMARINE FORCE TO AN ATLANTIC AREA APPARENTLY ALONG THE ROUTE USED BY RUSSIAN SUBMARINES IN HEADING OUT TOWARD OCEAN SEA LANES AND THE AMERICAN CONTINENT.

THE NAVY ANNOUNCED TODAY THE GROUP -- A CARRIER AND SIX DESTROYERS -- IS BEING DEPLOYED TO "THE EASTERN ATLANTIC" WITHIN THE NEXT TWO WEEKS. HOWEVER, IT IS UNDERSTOOD THE AREA IS NORTHWEST OF ENGLAND.

THE U. S. SHIPS WILL JOIN IN AN ANTISUBMARINE WARFARE (ASW) EXERCISE IN NOVEMBER AND THEN REMAIN FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD, THE NAVY SAID.

THIS COULD MEAN THAT A GROUP WILL BE KEPT ON CONTINUOUS PATROL ALONG PASSAGES BETWEEN ICELAND THE BRITISH ISLES, UNDER A ROTATIONAL SYSTEM SIMILAR TO THAT USED FOR THE SIXTH FLEET IN THE MEDITERRANEAN.

THE PASSAGE IS USED BY SOVIET SUBMARINES COMING OUT OF WHITE SEA NAVAL BASES AND HEADING FOR THE SESTERN ATLANTIC.

RUSSIA RECENTLY HAS BEEN MAKING FRESH CLAIMS ABOUT OPERATING A GROWING FLEET OF NUCLEAR SUBMARINES WHICH THE SOVIETS INSIST ARE THE FASTEST IN THE WORLD.

THE U.S. ANTISUBMARINE FORCE, SAILING SOMETIME IN THE NEXT TWO WEEKS FROM EAST COAST PORTS, WILL INCLUDE:

THE CARRIER ESSEX, CARRYING PLANES AND HELICOPTERS SPECIALLY ARMED FOR LOCATING AND DESTROYING SUBMARINES. ON THE CARRIER WILL BE AIR GROUP 56, CONSISTING OF ASW SQUADRONS 24 AND 27 AND HELICOPTER SQUADRON 9. THE ESSEX, WHICH IS BASED AT QUONSET POINT, R. I., WILL HAVE ABOARD

REAR. ADM. GEORGE F. KOCH, COMMANDER OF CARRIER DIVISION 18. *Robinson* FROM NEWPORT, R. I., WILL SAIL THE DESTROYERS WARLEIGH, *Robinson* AND MILLER.

THE DESTROYERS JONAS INGRAM, MOA AND STIBLING WILL GO FROM MAYPORT, FLA.

CAPT. JOHN B. FERRITER, COMMANDING DESTROYER SQUADRON 20 AND CAPT. REXFORD V. WHEELER, COMMANDING DESTROYER DIVISION 142, WILL BE ABOARD THE WARLEIGH AND MOA, RESPECTIVELY. THE ESSEX SKIPPER IS CAPT. S. S. SEARCY, BUT HE IS SCHEDULED TO BE RELIEVED NEXT MONTH BY CAPT. GERARD S. BOGART.

JA416PED

A81 (400)

BY GEORGE SYVERTSEN

WARSAW, POLAND, OCT. 16 (AP)-SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY, D.-MINN.,

TOLD A POLISH TV AUDIENCE TONIGHT U.S. OFFICIALS ARE GIVING POLAND'S RAPACKI PLAN FOR A DEMILITARIZED ZONE IN CENTRAL EUROPE "VERY, VERY THOUGHTFUL AND SERIOUS STUDY AND CONSIDERATION."

"WE LOOK UPON THE RAPACKI PLAN AND OTHERS AS PART OF OUR GENERAL PROGRAM FOR SEEKING DISARMAMENT TO REDUCE THIS TERRIBLE ARMS BURDEN," HUMPHREY SAID.

HE MADE HIS REMARKS ON A LIVE TV INTERVIEW FROM A WARSAW STUDIO. HUMPHREY WAS THE FIRST HIGH-RANKING VISITING AMERICAN OFFICIAL EVER TO APPEAR LIVE ON TV HERE.

HUMPHREY'S COMMENTS WERE MADE IN REPLY TO QUESTIONS PUT TO HIM BY POLISH REPORTER GRZEGORZ JASZUNSKI.

THE MINNESOTA DEMOCRAT SAID HE FELT THE RAPACKI PLAN WAS A CONSTRUCTIVE PROPOSAL THAT "DESERVES SERIOUS CONSIDERATION BY ALL POWERS."

REMINDED THAT THE WESTERN POWERS HAD REJECTED THE PLAN IN 1958, HUMPHREY REPLIED: "IT WAS REJECTED BY THE PREVIOUS (EISENHOWER)

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ADMINISTRATION IN THE UNITED STATES BUT THERE IS NOW A NEW PRESIDENT, PRESIDENT KENNEDY, WITH A NEW POLICY AND A NEW DISARMAMENT PROGRAM."

HUMPHREY SAID KENNEDY'S NEW SPECIAL DISARMAMENT AGENCY IS GIVING THE PROPOSAL "VERY, VERY THOUGHTFUL AND SERIOUS STUDY AND CONSIDERATION."

THE PLAN, PUT FORTH BY POLISH FOREIGN MINISTER ADAM RAPACKI IN OCTOBER 1957, CALLS FOR AN ATOM WEAPON-FREE ZONE AND REDUCTION OF CONVENTIONAL FORCES IN CENTRAL EUROPE. THE WEST, INCLUDING THE UNITED STATES, HAD TURNED IT DOWN ON GROUNDS THAT IT REPRESENTED A THREAT TO WESTERN MILITARY SECURITY IN THE AREA.

BUT THERE HAVE BEEN REPORTS THAT IN RECENT WEEKS THE PROPOSAL HAS RECEIVED AN INCREASING AMOUNT OF ATTENTION FROM WESTERN OFFICIALS PREPARING FOR EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS ON THE BERLIN CRISIS.

TURNING TO THE QUESTION OF NUCLEAR ARMS FOR WEST GERMANY, HUMPHREY REPEATED THE U.S. POSITION THAT SUCH WEAPONS MUST BY LAW REMAIN IN THE POSSESSION OF AMERICAN AUTHORITIES. HE ASSURED THE POLES THAT THE LAW FORBIDS SUPPLYING FOREIGN POWERS WITH SUCH WEAPONS WITHOUT THESE CONTROLS.

HUMPHREY ALSO GOT IN A PLUG FOR THE LITTLE-PUBLICIZED CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL BEING BUILT WITH U.S. AID NEAR THE SOUTHERN POLISH CITY OF KRAKOW.

"THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT AND THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WILL SEE TO IT THAT THIS HOSPITAL WILL BE COMPLETED. THIS WILL BE OUR GIFT TO YOU," HE TOLD HIS POLISH AUDIENCE.

EARLIER IN AN INTERVIEW WITH WESTERN REPORTERS HUMPHREY SAID YUGOSLAV OFFICIALS WERE "INDULGING IN NIT PICKING" WHEN THEY CANCELED PLANS FOR HIS VISIT TO YUGOSLAVIA AFTER HE REMARKED THAT THAT COMMUNIST COUNTRY WAS NOT FREE.

THE MINNESOTA DEMOCRAT SAID THE YUGOSLAV REACTION WAS "AN EMOTIONAL OUTBURST" BUT THAT HE STILL HOPED TO VISIT YUGOSLAVIA, AS HE HAS MANY FRIENDS THERE.

HUMPHREY SPOKE TO REPORTERS AT THE U.S. EMBASSY IN WARSAW ON THE LAST DAY OF A TWO-DAY FACT-FINDING VISIT TO POLAND.

THE SENATOR HAD SAID IN LONDON THAT DURING HIS TOUR OF EUROPE AND THE MIDDLE EAST HE WOULD BE VISITING WESTERN COUNTRIES AND SOME COUNTRIES THAT WERE NOT FREE.

ASKED TO NAME THE COUNTRIES HE CONSIDERED NOT FREE, HUMPHREY SAID YUGOSLAVIA AND POLAND. POLISH OFFICIALS HAVE MADE NO PUBLIC COMMENT ON THE REMARK.

HUMPHREY, A MEMBER OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SAID HIS TALKS WITH POLISH OFFICIALS WERE CORDIAL AND FRANK. HE SAID THEIR VIEWS ON THE BERLIN CRISIS FULLY CONFORM TO THOSE OF THE SOVIET UNION.

THE GOVERNMENT AND COMMUNIST PARTY OFFICIALS HE SAW INCLUDED POLITBURO MEMBER EDWARD OCHAB AND THE POLISH MINISTERS OF HEALTH, AGRICULTURE AND FOREIGN TRADE.

HUMPHREY SAID THE POLES EXPRESSED CONCERN OVER DELAYS IN CONCLUDING AN AGREEMENT FOR SHIPMENTS OF AMERICAN SURPLUS GRAIN TO POLAND. THE BERLIN CRISIS HAS HELD UP NEGOTIATIONS FOR THE U.S. AID, AN IMPORTANT PROP TO THE POLISH ECONOMY.

HUMPHREY SAID HE ALSO URGED POLISH OFFICIALS TO CONSIDER MAKING PURCHASES OF AMERICAN GRAIN IN U.S. MARKETS AS THEY HAVE DONE RECENTLY IN OTHER COUNTRIES. HE SAID THE POLES RECEIVED THIS SUGGESTION "SYMPATHETICALLY."

HUMPHREY INDICATED HE WAS IN FAVOR OF CONTINUING ECONOMIC AID AND OTHER TRADE AND CULTURAL CONTACTS WITH COMMUNIST

YUGOSLAVIA AND POLAND. HE SAID PERIODIC INTENSIFICATIONS OF THE COLD WAR SHOULD NOT BE PERMITTED TO AFFECT SUCH CONTACTS. THE SENATOR ALSO REBUKED AMERICAN BUSINESSMEN FOR NOT SEEKING MORE TRADE IN EASTERN EUROPE WHERE OTHER WESTERN ALLIES ARE DOING A BRISK BUSINESS.

"I BELIEVE IN DOING BUSINESS. I THINK AMERICAN BUSINESSMEN HAD BETTER GET OFF THEIR SEATS AND DO SOME BUSINESS OR WE WON'T HAVE ANY BUSINESS EITHER IN WEST EUROPE OR EASTERN EUROPE," HE SAID.

HE DESCRIBED THE EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET AS THE "GREATEST CHALLENGE OF AMERICAN INDUSTRY K'VE EVER KNOWN."

ON THE QUESTION OF THE ODER-NEISSE FRONTIER BETWEEN POLAND AND GERMANY, HUMPHREY REPEATED THE CHARGE THAT HIS VIEWS HAD BEEN "GROSSLY DISTORTED" IN THE GERMAN PRESS. HE DENIED THAT HE ADVOCATED OR SUPPORTED THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE ODER-NEISSE

LINE AS THE PERMANENT POLISH-GERMAN FRONTIER IN A STATEMENT DURING HIS RECENT VISIT TO ROME.

HE SAID THAT QUESTION SHOULD BE TREATED AS PART OF BROAD EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS ON THE GERMAN PROBLEM AND NOT AS A SEPARATE ISSUE.

HE SAID, HOWEVER, THAT HE SAW NO POSSIBILITY OF ANY CHANGE IN THE BORDER UNDER PRESENT CIRCUMSTANCES.

HUMPHREY LEAVES TOMORROW FOR TUNISIA AND TALKS WITH PRESIDENT HABIB BOURGUIBA.

HE SAID HE IS ALSO PLANNING TO VISIT CAIRO, BEIRUT OR DAMASCUS AND ISRAEL.

DF757PED

B35 Q

--ALL POINTS--

NIGHT LEAD SINGAPORE (300)

KUALA LUMPUR, MALAYA, OCT. 16 (AP)--PRIME MINISTER TENGKU ABDUL RHAMAN SAID TODAY BRITAIN SHOULD BE DENIED THE USE OF ITS BIG SINGAPORE BASE FOR SEATO PURPOSES IF SINGAPORE JOINES THE PROPOSED MALAYSIAN FEDERATION.

BUT HE TOLD PARLIAMENT IT WAS IMPORTANT THAT SINGAPORE JOIN THE FEDERATION LEST AS AN INDEPENDENT STATE IT FALL INTO COMMUNIST HANDS.

SINGAPORE BECAME AN INDEPENDENT STATE WITHIN THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH IN 1959 BUT BRITAIN RETAINED THE HUGE COMPLEX OF AIR, MILITARY AND NAVY BASES IN THAT PORT CITY AT THE TIP OF THE MALAY PENINSULA.

THE MALAYSIAN FEDERATION PROPOSED BY RAHMAN WOULD EMBRACE MALAYA, SINGAPORE, THE BRITISH COLONIES OF NORTH BORNEO AND SARAWAK, AND THE BRITISH PROTECTORATE OF BRUNEI.

ONE REASON MALAYA WANTS TO SEE THE BRITISH TERRITORIES JOINED IN THE FEDERATION IS TO OFFSET MALAYA'S LARGE CHINESE POPULATION, WHICH MIGHT BECOME A DOMINANT POWER.

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT LAST WEEK ANNOUNCED IT WELCOMED THE PROPOSAL FOR THE MALAYSIAN FEDERATION BECAUSE IT HAD "GREAT POSSIBILITIES FOR THE WELL-BEING OF ALL THE TERRITORIES INVOLVED."

RAHMAN WILL GO TO LONDON TO WORK OUT AN AGREEMENT WITH PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN, RAHMAN TOLD PARLIAMENT HE DETECTED IN CORRESPONDENCE WITH MACMILLAN "A NOTE OF ANXIETY OVER THE SINGAPORE BASE, FOR HE IS A LITTLE HESITANT AT THE IDEA OF GIVING UP THEIR BASE FOR SEATO PURPOSES."

RAHMAN SAID THERE SHOULD BE AGREEMENT THAT BRITAIN WOULD RETAIN THE SINGAPORE BASE "BUT NOT FOR SEATO PURPOSES." MALAYA IS NOT A MEMBER OF THE ANTI-COMMUNIST SOUTHEAST ASIA TREATY ORGANIZATION BUT IT IS A MEMBER OF THE BRITISH COMMONWEALTH.

THE PRIME MINISTER SAID THAT WHILE SINGAPORE WAS IN THE "SAFE HANDS OF THE BRITISH" THERE WAS NO THREAT TO MALAYA OF OPEN ACTION BY THE COMMUNISTS "BUT WITH AN INDEPENDENT SINGAPORE ANYTHING COULD

HAPPEN."

RAHMAN SAID THE PREDOMINANT CHINESE POPULATION OF SINGAPORE HAS SHOWN STRONG TIES WITH RED CHINA. WHILE PRIME MINISTER LEE KUAN YEW'S SINGAPORE GOVERNMENT IS ANTI-COMMUNIST, RAHMAN SAID HE FEARED THE PRO-COMMUNIST CHINESE MIGHT GAIN CONTROL THERE.

DB431PED

A68WX

(320) YUGOSLAV

WASHINGTON, OCT. 16 (AP)--ADMINISTRATION AUTHORITIES SAID TODAY THAT FORMER PRESIDENT EISENHOWER LEFT A MEMO WITH PRESIDENT KENNEDY OUTLINING REASONS FOR THE SALE OF JET FIGHTERS TO YUGOSLAVIA.

THESE AUTHORITIES TOLD REPORTERS THAT THIS WAS ONLY ONE OF A NUMBER OF ACTIONS IN THE CLOSING DAYS OF THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION WHICH THE RETIRING PRESIDENT EXPLAINED IN THE MEMO. THEY DECLINED TO SAY WHAT THE OTHERS WERE, OR WHETHER ONE OF THEM WAS THE SEVERANCE OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH CUBA.

ASKED WHETHER EISENHOWER ADVISED HIS SUCCESSOR THAT IT WOULD BE BETTER FOR YUGOSLAVIA TO GET 130 JET FIGHTERS FROM THIS COUNTRY THAN TO TURN TO RUSSIA FOR THEM, A SPOKESMAN SAID THAT EISENHOWER "INDICATED A BELIEF THAT THE DEAL SHOULD GO FORWARD AND HE FELT IT WOULD BE IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THIS COUNTRY THAT IT SHOULD GO FORWARD."

ONE OFFICIAL SAID EISENHOWER POINTED OUT THAT THE PLANES IN QUESTION WOULD NOT BE OF MILITARY VALUE TO THE SOVIET UNION.

THE SALE OF THE FIGHTERS, F86D SABREJETS, FOR \$1.3 MILLION PLUS \$325,000 FOR TRAINING PILOTS AND MAINTENANCE CREWS, HAS BECOME A MATTER OF CONTROVERSY. THE DEAL HAS BEEN CRITICIZED BY SOME REPUBLICANS AND DEMOCRATS IN CONGRESS.

EISENHOWER LET IT BE KNOWN FROM HIS HOME AT GETTYSBURG, PA., THAT HE WOULD HAVE NO COMMENT TO MAKE.

THE WHOLE QUESTION OF U.S. AID TO COMMUNIST YUGOSLAVIA NOW IS UNDER STUDY IN THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION. THE REVIEW APPARENTLY ENCOMPASSES THE PLANE TRANSACTION AS WELL AS OTHER FORMS OF ASSISTANCE. PRESIDENTIAL PRESS SECRETARY PIERRE SALINGER SAID TODAY THAT THE REVIEW WAS BEGUN ABOUT A MONTH AGO, IS CONTINUING, AND HE HAS NO IDEA WHEN IT WILL BE FINISHED.

"THE REVIEW," HE SAID IN ANSWER TO A QUESTION, "GOES INTO ALL ASPECTS OF ASSISTANCE TO YUGOSLAVIA."

KENNEDY DECLINED TO SAY WHETHER SIMILAR REVIEWS ARE UNDER WAY WITH RESPECT TO U.S. AID TO OTHER NEUTRAL NATIONS, INCLUDING GHANA.

THE BEGINNING OF THE STUDY ABOUT A MONTH AGO WOULD HAVE BEEN TIMED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE BELGRADE CONFERENCE OF NEUTRAL NATIONS. SOME U.S. OFFICIALS THINK THE CONFERENCE WENT TOO FAR IN A CHARITABLE APPROACH TO THE RUSSIANS AND IN CRITICISM OF THE WEST.

JA609PED

A176 (240)

NEW YORK, OCT. 16 (AP)--EIGHT MEN AND TWO WOMEN WHO TOOK PART IN A "PEACE WALK" FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO MOSCOW RETURNED TO THIS COUNTRY TONIGHT AFTER 10 MONTHS OF PAMPHLETEERING AND SPEAKING ON BEHALF OF THE PACIFIST CAUSE.

THEY SAID THEY HAD PAINTED "AN ENTIRELY DIFFERENT PICTURE OF THE WORLD" TO COMMUNISTS, WHO WERE "EXTREMELY STARTLED" TO BE ASKED TO DISARM.

SAID BRADFORD LYTTLE, 33, NATIONAL SECRETARY OF THE COMMITTEE FOR NONVIOLENT ACTION:

"THAT A GROUP THAT CONFLICTED WITH THE (SOVIET) GOVERNMENT WAS PERMITTED TO WALK AND CARRY ON A PROPAGANDA PROGRAM IS HISTORIC."

LYTTLE, FORMERLY OF CHICAGO, SAID THERE WERE 31 PACIFISTS FROM NINE NATIONS IN THE PROJECT. THOSE WHO STARTED IN SAN FRANCISCO LEFT LAST DECEMBER AND COVERED A TOTAL OF 5,900 MILES--MUCH OF IT ON FOOT. THROUGH NINEOGRAPHED LEAFLETS, SIGNS AND SPEECHES, THE PACIFISTS URGED PEOPLE ON BOTH SIDES OF THE IRON CURTAIN NOT TO SERVE IN THE

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ARMY AND TO STRIVE FOR UNILATERAL DISARMAMENT. A ONE-HOUR SILENCE VIGIL IN MOSCOW'S RED SQUARE CLIMAXED THE TOUR.
THE GROUP THAT FLEW IN TO NEW YORK INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT FROM LONDON INCLUDED TWO COUPLES WHO MET AND MARRIED ON THE PEACE TRIP.
THEY ARE BEA BURNETTE HERRICK, 25, OF CHICAGO, AND HER HUSBAND, SCOTT HERRICK, 36, OF NEW YORK CITY, WHO WERE MARRIED IN CHICAGO; AND MARTHA RICH STONE, 21, OF NORTH NEWTON, KAN., AND HER HUSBAND, BARTON STONE, 22, OF SAN FRANCISCO, WHO WERE MARRIED IN GERMANY.
OTHERS IN THE GROUP WERE JOHN CRUSE, 26, OF CRANFORD, N.J.; ED LAZAR, 26, OF CANTERBURY, N.H.; PHIL LEAHY, 26, OF ST. LOUIS, A VETERAN OF THE U.S. ARMY; KARL MEYER, 23, OF CHICAGO, AND JULES RABIN, 36, OF NEW YORK CITY.

ZR/RJ137AED

A125 (150)

LONDON, OCT. 16 (AP)-FIELD MARSHAL LORD MONTGOMERY SAID TONIGHT HE BELIEVES RED CHINA WILL BECOME A NUCLEAR POWER WITHIN THREE YEARS.

THE BRITISH WAR HERO SPOKE ON A TV INTERVIEW AFTER HIS RETURN FROM A TOUR THAT HE SAID TOOK HIM TO EVERY CORNER OF CHINA AND MONGOLIA.

HE EMPHASIZED THAT HE BELIEVED CHINA WOULD GET "NUCLEAR CAPACITY" WITHOUT RUSSIAN OR ANY OTHER OUTSIDE HELP. THE CHINESE, HE SAID, ARE A PROUD PEOPLE AND BELIEVE THEY CAN DO IT ALONE.

MONTGOMERY STATED EMPHATICALLY HE FELT THE FORMOSAN GOVERNMENT OF PRESIDENT CHIANG KAI-SHEK SHOULD DISAPPEAR AND THAT FORMOSA SHOULD BE INTEGRATED AS A PROVINCE OF THE MAINLAND.

HE SAID HE FOUND NO CHINESE DISTRUST OF SOVIET RUSSIA DURING HIS TOUR.

"THERE ARE VERY, VERY CLOSE RELATIONS" BETWEEN THE TWO BIG COMMUNIST POWERS, MONTGOMERY SAID.

ALTHOUGH HE BELIEVED CHINA WOULD HAVE NUCLEAR CAPACITY WITHIN THREE YEARS, HE SAID HE BELIEVED IT WOULD TAKE AT LEAST 50 YEARS BEFORE THE COUNTRY BECOMES A BIG INDUSTRIAL POWER.

MONTGOMERY SAID THE COMMUNIST LEADERS ARE WILLING TO GIVE CHIANG KAI-SHEK A GOVERNMENT POST IN PEIPING IF FORMOSA IS HANDED OVER TO RED RULE. ASKED WHAT WOULD HAPPEN TO CHINESE AMONG THE 10 MILLION ON FORMOSA WHO MIGHT NOT WANT TO LIVE UNDER COMMUNISM, THE FIELD MARSHAL REPLIED, "I THINK THAT'S GOT TO BE IRONED OUT."

RED CHINESE PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI WAS QUOTED IN 1957 AS SAYING THE PEIPING REGIME MIGHT PERMIT CHIANG TO HEAD THE GOVERNMENT OF FORMOSA IF HE MADE PEACE WITH THE COMMUNISTS.

ZR106AED

A168KX

NIGHT LEAD (300)

BY IRWIN FRANK

DALLAS, TEX., OCT. 16 (AP)-RADIO-TV COMMENTATOR DAN SMOOT TOLD SOME 1,800 PERSONS TONIGHT "PRESIDENT KENNEDY HAS A PLAN TO SURRENDER CONTROL OF THE UNITED NATIONS TO RUSSIA."

SMOOT ALSO CHARGED THAT THE KENNEDY AID-TO-EDUCATION BILL WAS PART OF A PLAN TO SURRENDER AMERICAN EDUCATION TO THE UNITED NATIONS. AND HE TOLD THE CHEERING AUDIENCE THAT FORMER PRESIDENT EISENHOWER "BETRAYED EVERY HOPE YOU FOLKS HAD" WHEN HE ACCEPTED THE TRUCE IN THE KOREAN WAR.

SMOOT SPOKE AT THE SECOND MEETING OF THE NATIONAL INDIGNATION CONVENTION (CAPS NIC) FORMED TO PROTEST THE TRAINING OF YUGOSLAV PILOTS BY THE UNITED STATES.

SUNDAY NIGHT'S CONVENTION DREW 1,200 PERSONS. THE MEETINGS WERE SCHEDULED TO END TOMORROW NIGHT BUT HAVE BEEN EXTENDED THROUGH SATURDAY NIGHT.

SMOOT SAID EISENHOWER "ACCEPTED AN ARMISTICE IN KOREA ON

COMMUNISTS TERMS--TERMS MORE SHAMEFUL THAN TRUMAN REJECTED."
HE SAID EISENHOWER "BETRAYED EVERY HOPE YOU FOLKS HAD."
SMOOT, WHOSE TALK WAS MOSTLY ABOUT TITO AND HIS SUPPORT OF COMMUNIST RUSSIA, DISCUSSED AMERICAN FOREIGN AID TO THE YUGOSLAV LEADER.

HE SAID THE COMMUNISTS RAPED 100,000 WOMEN IN AUSTRIA WHILE AMERICANS WATCHED AND "TRUMAN CALLED STALIN GOOD OLD JOE."
HE CALLED THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION'S YEARS "THE ERA OF THE GREAT GRIN," AND APPLAUSE AND LAUGHS GREETED THE REMARK.

THE CROWD STOOD, CHEERED AND APPLAUDED WHEN SMOOT TOLD THEM THEY MUST RETURN TO A CONSTITUTIONAL FORM OF GOVERNMENT.

HE SAID RED AGENTS MANEUVERED THE UNITED STATES INTO A WAR WITH JAPAN.

"WHAT GOOD WOULD YOUR SOLDIER SON IN EUROPE DO IF RUSSIA DROPPED A BOMB ON DALLAS?" HE ASKED, ADDING THAT HE BELIEVED AMERICAN TROOPS SHOULD BE KEPT IN THE UNITED STATES FOR DEFENSE OF THIS COUNTRY.

SMOOT WAS APPLAUDED WHEN HE SAID "KENNEDY HAS A PLAN TO SURRENDER CONTROL OF THE UNITED NATIONS TO RUSSIA."

HE STOOD IN FRONT OF AN AMERICAN FLAG 20 FEET HIGH, DRAPED ON A WALL BEHIND HIM. A DOZEN SIGNS WERE TACKLED TO THE WALL OF THE AUDITORIUM. THEY SAID "WE PROTEST THE TRAINING OF RED PILOTS IN OUR COUNTRY."

NN1045PCS NM

B96CX Q
(150)

CHICAGO, OCT. 16 (AP)-A GOVERNMENT CIVIL DEFENSE PLANNER SAID TODAY THAT ALL FOOD SALES WILL BE STOPPED FOR "AT LEAST FIVE DAYS" IF THE NATION COMES UNDER NUCLEAR ATTACK.

JOHN E. COSGROVE, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF FEDERAL-STATE RELATIONS FOR THE OFFICE OF EMERGENCY PLANNING, SAID HALTING FOOD SALES AFTER A NUCLEAR ATTACK WOULD "GIVE THE STATES AND LOCAL COMMUNITIES A BREATHING SPELL DURING WHICH THEY CAN PREPARE TO INVOKE LOCAL RETIIONING SYSTEMS."

SPEAKING TO A SESSION OF THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF FOOD CHAINS CONVENTION, COSGROVE SAID LOCAL AND STATE GOVERNMENTS WILL HANDLE FOOD DISTRIBUTION AFTER AN ATTACK BECAUSE FEDERAL CONTROL CENTERS PROBABLY WILL BE OUT OF OPERATION FOR SOME TIME.

COSGROVE INDICATED THE GOVERNMENT IS THINKING OF ASKING FOOD DISTRIBUTORS OPERATING IN "FOOD DEFICIT AREAS, SUCH AS NEW ENGLAND AND THE WEST COAST" TO BUILD THEIR INVENTORIES HIGHER AS A FOOD STOCKPILE.

ER905PCD

B59 (Q)

NA (420)

NEW YORK, OCT. 16 (AP)-AN ARMY MAJOR SAID TODAY HE WAS PUZZLED THAT THE ARMY NEVER SOUGHT HIS TESTIMONY IN PROBING THE "PRO-BLUE" EDUCATION PROGRAM THAT LED TO REMOVAL OF GEN. EDWIN A. WALKER FROM HIS COMMAND IN GERMANY.

MAJ. ARCH E. ROBERTS, HIMSELF RELIEVED AS AN ARMY INFORMATION OFFICERS, SAID HE WROTE THE EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM USED BY GEN. WALKER, AND "I CERTAINLY COULD HAVE SUPPLIED SOME INFORMATION."

"I THOUGHT THAT I WOULD BE CALLED AS A WITNESS, BUT I NEVER WAS," HE SAID. "I HAVE NO IDEA WHY. I FEEL THAT THE FULL STORY HAS NOT BEEN TOLD. SOME THINGS HAVE BEEN MISREPRESENTED."

ROBERTS, 46, SAID HE WAS DROPPED FROM DUTY IN THE ARMY INFORMATION SECTION OCT. 1 AS "BEING UNSUITABLE" BECAUSE HE HAD WRITTEN LETTERS DEFENDING WALKER.

"I ADMIT IT," HE SAID. "I DID WRITE TO VARIOUS GENERAL OFFICERS URGING THAT THEY COME TO GEN. WALKER'S AID, BECAUSE I FELT THAT HE DESERVED IT, AND THAT HE WAS BEING MISUSED."
WALKER WAS REMOVED FROM HIS COMMAND OF THE 24TH DIVISION IN GERMANY LAST SPRING FOR ALLEGED POLITICAL ACTIVITY IN CONNECTION WITH HIS PROGRAM TO TRAIN TROOPS AND DEPENDENTS IN OPPOSING COMMUNISM.
ROBERTS SAID THAT HE PREPARED THE PROGRAM, AT WALKER'S DIRECTION BUT NEVER GOT TO GIVE HIS VERSION OF THE FACTS IN THE ARMY'S INQUIRY INTO IT. THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES SUBCOMMITTEE REPORTEDLY IS LOOKING INTO THIS POINT.

"THE PROGRAM ITSELF HAS BEEN MALIGNED," ROBERT SAID. "IT'S STILL BEING IDENTIFIED AS A 'BIRCH CENTERED' OPERATION, AS SELLING THE BIRCH LINE, BUT THIS IS A LIE."

THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY IS A CONTROVERSIAL ANTI-COMMUNIST MOVEMENT. ROBERT SAID THAT WHEN HE PREPARED THE PROGRAM IN OCTOBER, 1960, "I HAD NEVER HEARD OF THE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY." HE SAID THE PROGRAM AIMED TO TEACH PATRIOTISM, AMERICANISM AND TO EXPOSE COMMUNIST TECHNIQUES.

IT GOT ITS "PRO-BLUE NAME," HE SAID, NOT FROM THE BIRCH SOCIETY "BLUE BOOK," BUT FROM A MAP USED BY WALKER IN AN ORIENTATION SESSION SHOWING COMMUNIST ADVANCES IN RED, AND LESSER WESTERN GAINS IN BLUE.

AMONG A READING LIST OF EIGHT BOOKS PROVIDED FOR THE PROGRAM, ROBERT SAID, WAS "THE LIFE OF JOHN BIRCH." HE SAID HE DIDN'T KNOW WHO MADE UP THE LIST.

ROBERTS SAID THE PROGRAM WAS "INCONFORMITY WITH ARMY REGULATIONS" AND STEMMED FROM A 7TH ARMY "COLD WAR" DIRECTIVE FOR PROGRAMS TO EDUCATE TROOPS AGAINST COMMUNIST METHODS.

HE SAID HE UNDERSTOOD THE AMERICAN LEGION WAS DEMANDING AN INVESTIGATION INTO HIS OWN RELIEF FROM DUTY IN THE ARMY INFORMATION SECTION HERE. HE SAID HE HAS HAD SUPERIOR RATINGS FOR 10 YEARS AS AN ARMY INFORMATION OFFICER.

A NATIVE OF DENVER, COLO., AND AN ARMY VETERAN FOR 23 YEARS, HE SAID HE WAS A GRADUATE OF THE ARMY'S COMMAND AND GENERAL STAFF COLLEGE.

ASKED ABOUT HIS PRE-ARMY EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND, HE SAID HE HAD LITTLE, THAT HE WAS A "MUSTANG" OFFICER THAT ROSE THROUGH THE RANKS. SINCE HIS RELEASE FROM DUTY TWO WEEKS AGO, HE HAS BEEN ON LEAVE, QUARTERED AT FORT HAMILTON, AND EXPECTS REASSIGNMENT LATER THIS MONTH.
WH700PED

A146

(290)

LONDON, OCT. 16 (AP)-GEORGE BROWN, DEPUTY LEADER OF THE OPPOSITION LABOR PARTY, ASSERTED TODAY RECENT RHINE ARMY EXERCISES PROVE BRITAIN'S DEFENSE POLICY HAS BROKEN DOWN IN RUINS.

BROWN, WHO SPEAKS FOR LABOR ON DEFENSE POLICY, CLAIMED THE BIG SCALE MANEUVERS IN WEST GERMANY ALSO SHOWED UP THE BRITISH FORCES AS BEING "DANGEROUSLY ILL-EQUIPPED" AND "FACING IMPOSSIBLE TASKS."

THE BLUNT-SPOKEN LABORITE, ADDRESSING THE SOCIALIST SOCIETY AT QUEEN MARY COLLEGE, DEMANDED THAT THE PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN'S GOVERNMENT DECIDE AT ONCE TO CUT BACK ITS COMMITMENTS AND RECAST THE ARMED FORCES.

BROWN WAS REFERRING TO EXERCISE SPEARHEAD WHICH ENDED SATURDAY, THE BIGGEST MANEUVERS BY THE RHINE ARMY SINCE 1954. IN IT BOTH CONTENDING SIDES MADE FREE SIMULATED USE OF TACTICAL NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

BRITISH CORRESPONDENTS WHO ATTENDED SAID THE EXERCISES SHOWED THAT MANY BRITISH UNITS ARE BELOW STRENGTH AND THE SITUATION WAS SO SERIOUS THAT THE U.S. 7TH ARMY HAS HAD TO TAKE OVER PART OF THE BRITISH FRONT. SEVERAL ALSO WROTE THAT THE RHINE ARMY'S MANPOWER SHORTAGE HAS COMPELLED ITS COMMANDERS INTO AN EXCESSIVE RELIANCE ON NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

THE EXERCISE, BROWN SAID, "SHOWS BEYOND ALL DOUBT NOT ONLY THAT THE PAST DEFENSE POLICY LIES IN RUINS BUT ALSO THE DESPERATE URGENCY FOR THE GOVERNMENT TO ANSWER SOME SUPREMELY IMPORTANT

QUESTIONS."

"THE MANEUVERS IN GERMANY HAVE SURELY MADE IT IMPOSSIBLE ANY LONGER TO HIDE THE FACT THAT, DESPITE THE EXPENDITURE OF ASTRONOMICAL SUMS OF MONEY, WE HAVE DANGEROUSLY ILL-EQUIPPED FORCES FACE IMPOSSIBLE TASKS."

"THIS CANNOT CONTINUE."

BRITAIN'S NATIONAL DRAFT IS DUE TO END THIS YEAR, LEAVING THE COUNTRY WITH AN ARMY, AIR FORCE AND NAVY MANNED BY REGULARS ON A VOLUNTEER BASIS. THE TOTAL FORCE--UNLESS THE DRAFT IS PROLONGED--BY THE YEAR'S END WILL BE AROUND 400,000, OF WHOM 50,000 GROUND TROOPS AND A TACTICAL AIR FORCE ARE ASSIGNED TO GERMANY.

J1259PED

A144

GREENOCK, SCOTLAND, OCT. 16 (AP)-PAT ARROWSMITH, 31-YEAR-OLD BRITISH BAN-THE-BOMB LEADER, TODAY CALLED OFF AN 11-DAY HUNGER STRIKE IN GREENOCK WOMEN'S PRISON.

MISS ARROWSMITH HAS SERVED ONE MONTH OF A THREE-MONTHS SENTENCE FOR LEADING A SIT-DOWN DEMONSTRATION AT THE U.S. POLARIS SUBMARINE BASE ON HOLY LOCH. SHE BEGAN HER HUNGER STRIKE BECAUSE SHE OBJECTED TO OTHER WOMEN PRISONERS MAKING SANDBAGS WHICH SHE CHARGED COULD BE USED IN CIVIL DEFENSE.

MISS ARROWSMITH WAS FED ARTIFICIALLY BUT PRISON AUTHORITIES DENIED FORCE WAS USED.

J1252PED

A123LA

(150)

LOS ANGELES, OCT. 16 (AP)-SPEAKERS AT A BANQUET ATTENDED BY NEARLY 1,000 PERSONS LAST NIGHT ASSAILED THE U.S. SUPREME COURT'S RECENT RULING REQUIRING REGISTRATION OF COMMUNISTS.

THE AFFAIR WAS SPONSORED BY A 16-MEMBER COMMITTEE OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIANS CALLED "THE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS BANQUET COMMITTEE." CHAIRMAN WAS ADRIAN SCOTT, A FILM DIRECTOR WHO WAS ONE OF THE "HOLLYWOOD TEN" WHO REFUSED TO TELL THE HOUSE UNAMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE WHETHER THEY WERE COMMUNIST PARTY MEMBERS.

PROF. DIRK J. STRUIK OF MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, THE MAIN SPEAKER, SAID WHAT HE CALLED THE "MONSTROUS MCCARRAN ACT" IS PART OF A CONSPIRACY TO SUPPRESS "PROGRESSIVE THOUGHT" IN THIS COUNTRY.

HE SAID THE "BIG LIE" HAS BUILT PREJUDICE AROUND NEWSPAPERS SUCH AS THE PEOPLE'S WORLD, FOR WHOSE BENEFIT THE MEETING WAS HELD.

HE DENIED THERE IS ANY COMMUNIST CONSPIRACY. "COMMUNISTS DON'T PREACH THE VIOLENT OVERTHROW OF THE GOVERNMENT BUT A SOCIALISTIC CHANGE THROUGH PEACEFUL MEANS," STRUIK SAID.

THE \$7.50 PER PLATE MEETING WAS HELD AT THE PARK MANOR HOTEL.

JP732APS NM

A133

BERLIN, OCT. 16 (AP)-EAST GERMANY HAS STRUCK A SPECIAL MEDAL FOR FACTORY MILITIAMEN WHO TOOK PART IN SEALING OFF THE BORDER, AN UN-OFFICIAL WESTERN INTELLIGENCE AGENCY REPORTED TODAY.

INFORMATION BUREAU WEST SAID THE MEDAL SHOWS AN EAST GERMAN SOLDIER AND A MEMBER OF THE FACTORY MILITIA STANDING TOGETHER BEFORE THE BRANDENBURG GATE. THOUSANDS OF MILITIAMEN WERE MOBILIZED FOR SERVICE IN EAST BERLIN WHEN THE BRANDENBURG GATE ACROSS THE MAIN ROUTE BETWEEN THE TWO PARTS OF THE CITY WAS CLOSED AND THE WALL BUILT TO STOP REFUGEES.

ON THE REVERSE SIDE IS AN INSCRIPTION SAYING THE MEDAL WAS AWARDED FOR "OUTSTANDING SERVICE."

K1209PED

A129

(110)

PARIS, OCT. 16 (AP)-FRANCE SAID TODAY SHE WANTS TO MAINTAIN PERMANENT CONSULTATION WITH HER ALLIES ON THE PROBLEMS OF BERLIN AND GERMANY.

THE COMMENT WAS MADE BY OFFICIAL SOURCES FOLLOWING A WEEKEND DECISION NOT TO HOLD A TENTATIVELY SCHEDULED MEETING THIS WEEK IN LONDON OF HIGH LEVEL EXPERTS FROM THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, WEST GERMANY AND FRANCE.

THE IDEA WAS PUT ASIDE AFTER FRANCE SAID SUCH A SESSION WOULD BE PREMATURE. THERE WAS NO EXPLANATION, BUT FRANCE HAS BEEN RELUCTANT TO TAKE ANY INITIATIVE IN NEGOTIATING THE BERLIN AND GERMAN PROBLEMS UNDER TREATS FROM THE SOVIET UNION.

FRENCH SOURCES SAID TODAY THEY WERE SURPRISED AT THE IMPORTANCE THE PRESS GAVE THE TALKED-OF LONDON MEETING AND ITS CANCELLATION, CALLING IT "PURELY PROCEDURAL".

K1153AED

A118WX

(210) AEC JOBS

WASHINGTON, OCT. 16 (AP)-THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION TODAY LAUNCHED A NATIONWIDE HUNT FOR MEN OR WOMEN TO FILL SOME \$15,000-A-YEAR JOBS THAT ARE GOING BEGGING.

THE AEC SAID IT'S BEEN HAVING A TOUGH TIME FINDING THE PARTICULAR SPECIALISTS REQUIRED, SO IT'S TAKING TO COMBINE THE COUNTRY FOR THEM.

THE INTENSIFIED RECRUITMENT DRIVE IS PROMPTED BY THE COMMISSION'S "EXPANDED NUCLEAR SAFETY ACTIVITIES," AND IS BEING HELD "TO OBTAIN HARD-TO-FIND CANDIDATES TO FILL JOBS IN AEC HEADQUARTERS AND FIELD OFFICES AT SALARIES RANGING FROM \$8,000 TO MORE THAN \$15,000 A YEAR."

THE COMMISSION'S ANNOUNCEMENT SAID:

"THE DIFFICULTY IN FINDING ASPIRANTS FOR THE TECHNICAL POSTS ARISES FROM BOTH THE SHORTAGE OF TRAINED PERSONNEL IN A COMPARATIVELY NEW FIELD OF EMPLOYMENT AND THE EXPANSION OF ACTIVITIES UNDER THE NATION'S GROWING ATOMIC ENERGY PROGRAM."

THE COMMISSION IS LOOKING SPECIFICALLY FOR NUCLEAR PHYSICISTS, REACTOR SAFETY ENGINEERS, HEALTH PHYSICISTS AND NUCLEAR ENGINEERS. IN A SUBSTANTIAL NUMBER OF CASES, THE JOBS WILL REQUIRE ACTUAL OPERATING EXPERIENCE ON RESEARCH, PRODUCTION OR POWER REACTORS.

URGING PROSPECTIVE CANDIDATES TO GET IN TOUCH WITH THE COMMISSION'S DIVISION OF PERSONNEL IN WASHINGTON, THE AEC SAID:

"THERE WILL BE NO DISCRIMINATION AGAINST OR IN FAVOR OF AN EMPLOYEE OR AN APPLICANT FOR EMPLOYMENT BECAUSE OF RACE, COLOR, SEX, RELIGION, PHYSICAL HANDICAP, OR NATIONAL ORIGIN."

SR1108AED

B48 Q

(180)

U.N.-PEACE CORPS

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., OCT. 16 (AP)-AN AUSTRIAN MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT TODAY DISPUTED LAST WEEK'S SOVIET ATTACK HERE ON PRESIDENT KENNEDY'S PEACE CORPS IDEA.

PETER STRASSER, AUSTRIAN DELEGATE IN THE U.N. ASSEMBLY ECONOMIC COMMITTEE, SAID HE HAD STUDIED THE PEACE CORPS SETUP FIRST HAND IN THE UNITED STATES.

"DESPITE ALL THE OPPOSITION THAT THE PEACE CORPS WILL HAVE TO OVERCOME, THE FEAR AND CRITICISMS EXPRESSED HERE WILL BE PROVED UNJUSTIFIED BY FACTS," HE SAID. "IT IS DIFFICULT TO SEE HOW PEACE CORPS VOLUNTEERS WOULD BE ANY MORE INSTRUMENT OF THE COLD WAR THAN HIGHLY PAID TECHNICIANS."

HE APPLAUDED THE U.S. OFFER TO FURNISH 125 OF ITS VOLUNTEERS TO U.N. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS BUT SAID HE AND OTHER EUROPEAN OFFICIALS NOW ARE WORKING OUT A EUROPEAN PEACE CORPS IDEA.

STRASSER DID NOT MENTION THE NIGERIAN INCIDENT OF THE PEACE WORKER POSTCARD CRITICIZING-CONDITIONS FOUND IN THAT COUNTRY.

30.24-1969

M.V. LAVRICHENKO, SOVIET DELEGATE, LAST WEEK INSISTED THAT THE UNITED NATIONS MUST REJECT THE U.S. OFFER BECAUSE, HE SAID, THE CORPS WAS USED ONLY AS AN EXTENSION OF U.S. FOREIGN POLICY.

"THE WORLD MUST BE ENTHUSIASTIC ABOUT THIS APPEAL TO YOUTH'S IDEALISM," STRASSER SAID. "SUCH A STEP MAY ALLOW US TO REACH THE COOPERATION NECESSARY TO CLOSE THE GAP BETWEEN THE INDUSTRIAL AND THE NONINDUSTRIAL WORLD."

ED551PED

A28CX

(180)

CHICAGO, OCT. 16 (AP)-THE CHICAGO SUN TIMES SAID TODAY THAT THE KENNEDY ADMINISTRATION IS PREPARING TO ELIMINATE THE MANNED BOMBER AS A U.S. WEAPON OVER STRENUOUS OBJECTIONS OF THE AIR FORCE AND CONGRESS.

A STORY BY THOMAS B. ROSS OF THE SUN TIMES' WASHINGTON BUREAU SAID THAT "DEFENSE SECRETARY ROBERT S. MCNAMARA IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE REACHED A PRELIMINARY JUDGMENT THAT THE BOMBER, NOW THE BACKBONE OF U.S. STRIKING POWER, SOON WILL BE OBSOLETE."

DEVELOPMENTS TO DATE HAVE NOT CONVINCED MCNAMARA, THE STORY SAID, "THAT THE MANNED BOMBER SHOULD BE RETAINED BEYOND THE LIFE OF THE CURRENTLY OPERATING B47S, B52S AND B58S."

ROSS SAID A FINAL DECISION IS BEING HELD UP UNTIL THE PENTAGON COMPLETES AN EXHAUSTIVE STUDY OF AIR FORCE CLAIMS AND AN ANALYSIS OF NEW INTELLIGENCE ON RUSSIAN ANTI-AIRCRAFT ADVANCES.

HE ADDED THAT MCNAMARA IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE FIRMLY OPPOSED TO SPENDING \$500 MILLION APPROPRIATED BY CONGRESS FOR AN EXTRA WING OF B52S AND \$180 MILLION FOR PRODUCTION OF THE B70.

THE STORY SAID HIGH-LEVEL PENTAGON OPINION FEELS THAT ONLY MISSILES WOULD BE ABLE TO PENETRATE SOVIET DEFENSES IN THE LAST HALF OF THE 1960S.

THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT, ASKED ABOUT THE STORY, SAID IT KNEW OF NO CHANGE IN THE LONG-STANDING OPINION THAT MANNED BOMBERS WOULD CONTINUE TO BE PART OF THE RETALIATORY FORCE THROUGHOUT THE CURRENT DECADE.

A SPOKESMAN REFERRED QUESTIONERS TO VARIOUS STATEMENTS BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE ROBERT S. MCNAMARA. ONE INVOLVED TESTIMONY BEFORE A SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE IN FINAL HEARINGS ON THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR APPROPRIATION.

MCNAMARA SAID: "I THINK IT IS CLEAR THAT WE ARE NOT PROPOSING TO ABANDON THE BOMBER AND WE HAVE PLANS TO CONTINUE BOMBERS IN USE THROUGH THE DECADE."

MCNAMARA AND OTHERS HAVE SAID THAT A "MIX" OF BOTH MANNED BOMBERS AND MISSILES WILL BE NECESSARY IN MAINTAINING THE DETERRENT READINESS. THE WHITE HOUSE SAID IT WOULD HAVE NO COMMENT.

JA553PED

A65AX (WX F)

(210)

CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., OCT. 16 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES' LARGEST POLARIS-FIRING NUCLEAR SUBMARINE, THE EITHAN ALLEN, LAUNCHED ITS FIRST MISSILE ON A SUCCESSFUL 1,200-MILE TEST FLIGHT TODAY.

THE 410-FOOT SUBMARINE UNLEASHED THE ROCKET FROM 90 FEET BENEATH THE SURFACE OF THE ATLANTIC NEAR GRAND BAHAMA ISLAND, ABOUT 300 MILES SOUTHEAST OF CAPE CANAVERAL.

THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT, STICKING TO A NO-INFO POLICY ON UNDERWATER POLARIS LAUNCHINGS, DECLINED COMMENT ON THE SHOT. BUT

INFORMED SOURCES REPORTED THE LOCATION AND SUCCESS OF THE FLIGHT.
THE SUCCESS WAS THE 19TH IN 32 POLARIS SUBMARINE FIRINGS. THE
PREVIOUS SHOTS WERE CONDUCTED BY THE GEORGE WASHINGTON, PATRICK HENRY,
ROBERT E. LEE, ABRAHAM LINCOLN AND THEODORE ROOSEVELT, ALL NOW ON
PATROL WITH A TOTAL OF 80 MISSILES.

THE ETHAN ALLEN, WHICH DISPLACES 6,900 TONS, IS THE FIRST SUBMARINE
BUILT TO ACCOMMODATE THE ADVANCED A2 POLARIS WITH MAXIMUM RANGE OF 1,725
MILES. THE FIVE EARLIER CRAFT, EACH 380 FEET AND DISPLACING 5,900 TONS,
FIRE THE SMALLER 1,380-MILE ROCKET.

THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT ANNOUNCED EARLIER THIS YEAR, WITHOUT EXPLANA-
TION, THAT IT WOULD NOT RELEASE RESULTS OF MISSILE TESTS CONDUCTED
"AWAY FROM PUBLIC VIEW." THE DECISION WAS AIMED SPECIFICALLY AT POLARIS
FIRINGS HELD FAR AT SEA.

AT THAT TIME, THE NAVY WAS EXPERIENCING TROUBLE WITH THE UNDERSEA
LAUNCHINGS. SINCE THEN, NINE OF 14 SUB SHOTS HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFUL,
INCLUDING FIVE OF THE LAST SEVEN, SOURCES REPORT.

SF459PES NM

A29

MOSCOW, OCT. 16 (AP)-THE SOVIET UNION ANNOUNCED TONIGHT IT FIRED
ANOTHER MULTISTAGE ROCKET FROM HOME TERRITORY INTO THE CENTRAL PA-
CIFIC YESTERDAY--A DISTANCE OF MORE THAN 7,500 MILES.

"THE DUMMY, PENULTIMATE STAGE OF THE ROCKET REACHED THE SURFACE
OF THE OCEAN WITH GREAT PRECISION VERY CLOSE TO THE CALCULATED IMPACT
POINT," SAID THE ANNOUNCEMENT BY TASS.

THESE SOVIET TESTS OF ROCKETS -- DESIGNED TO PROMOTE SPACE RESEARCH,
ACCORDING TO MOSCOW -- HAVE BEEN GOING ON FOR THE PAST FOUR WEEKS.
SUNDAY'S SHOT WAS THE FIFTH IN THE CURRENT SERIES.

TONIGHT'S ANNOUNCEMENT SAID THE LAUNCHINGS WILL CONTINUE.
K/SM311PED

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END OCTOBER 16, 1961